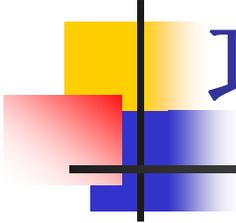


# 报告内容

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- 项目基本情况
- 项目的国内外现状
- 项目的主要研究内容
- 项目目前的进展情况



# 项目基本情况— LED项目的来源

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- 1、LED汽车前雾灯的设计理论研究
  - 浙江省基金项目
  - 时间 2005-2006
- 2、LED汽车前照灯的研制
  - 浙江省科技厅项目
  - 时间 2008-2009

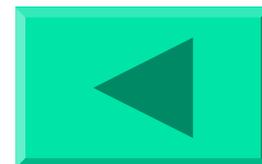
# 项目基本情况

## —项目单位中国计量学院

- 国家重点专业，浙江省重中之重学科，国家质量检验检疫总局的重点学科。
- 专用光学设计软件；热分析软件；LED光电热测试设备（分光光度计、角分布测量仪、光谱仪、光辐射计、积分球、热像仪等）；三坐标测量机

# 项目基本情况一研究队伍

- 项目组成员组成：教授3人，副教授5人，中级3人，研究生4人
- 项目组成员长期从事LED照明、设计及LED测试方面的研究工作，承担和参与了多项国家级和省部级科研项目。

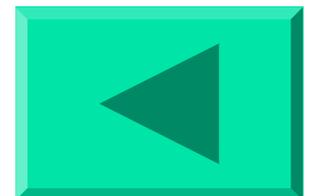


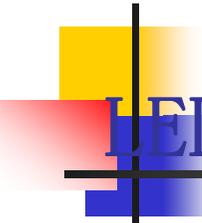


# 项目的国内外现状

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- LED汽车前照灯市场最新动态和发展趋势
- LED汽车前照灯法规的发展现状
- LED汽车前照灯光学系统发展状况





## LED汽车前照灯市场最新动态和发展趋势

- 2004年开始，各种LED前照灯在国际汽车展会上开始被展出。
- 2007年5月日本小糸（Koito）制作所成功的将白光LED前照灯安装在LEXUS LS600h车型上。
- 2007年德国OSRAM推出了面向汽车前照灯的LED模块“OSTAR Headlamp”。这款面向汽车前照灯的超高亮度LED光源已通过汽车标准认证。
- 2008年，奥迪R8推出全球首个完全LED前照灯，它集成了LED近光灯、远光灯和转向灯，即将投入世界市场。

## LED汽车头灯国内外最新动态和发展趋势

- 从2004年开始，各种LED汽车头灯在国际汽车展会上开始被展出。



LED头灯概念车

# LED汽车头灯国内外最新动态和发展趋势



Fioravanti Kite Concept (Geneva 04)



Renault Fluence (Paris 04)

# LED汽车头灯国内外最新动态和发展趋势



**LeMans Concept**



**Nuvolari Concept**

# LED汽车头灯国内外最新动态和发展趋势



**HELLA完全LED头灯**



**Audi A8LED头灯**

## LED汽车头灯国内外最新动态和发展趋势

- 2007年德国**OSRAM**推出的面向汽车前照灯的**LED**模块“**OSTAR Headlamp**”



# LED汽车头灯国内外最新动态和发展趋势

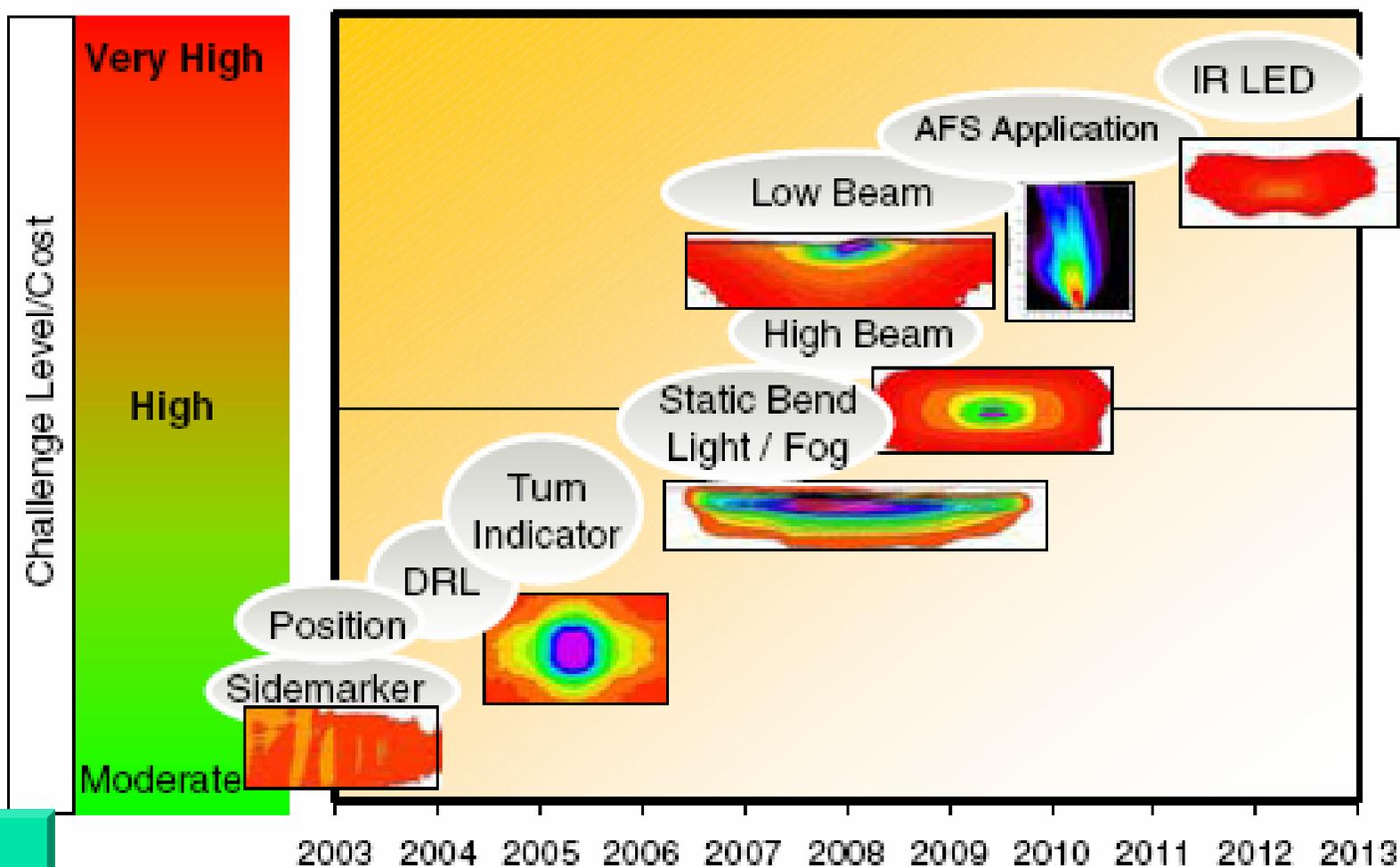


雷克萨斯LS600 LED前照灯

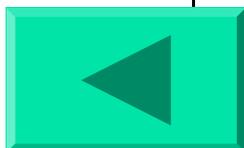


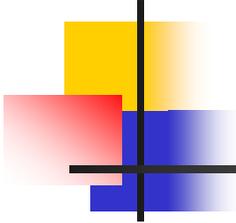
奥迪R8完全LED前照灯

# LED汽车头灯国内外最新动态和发展趋势



LED汽车头灯的发展趋势



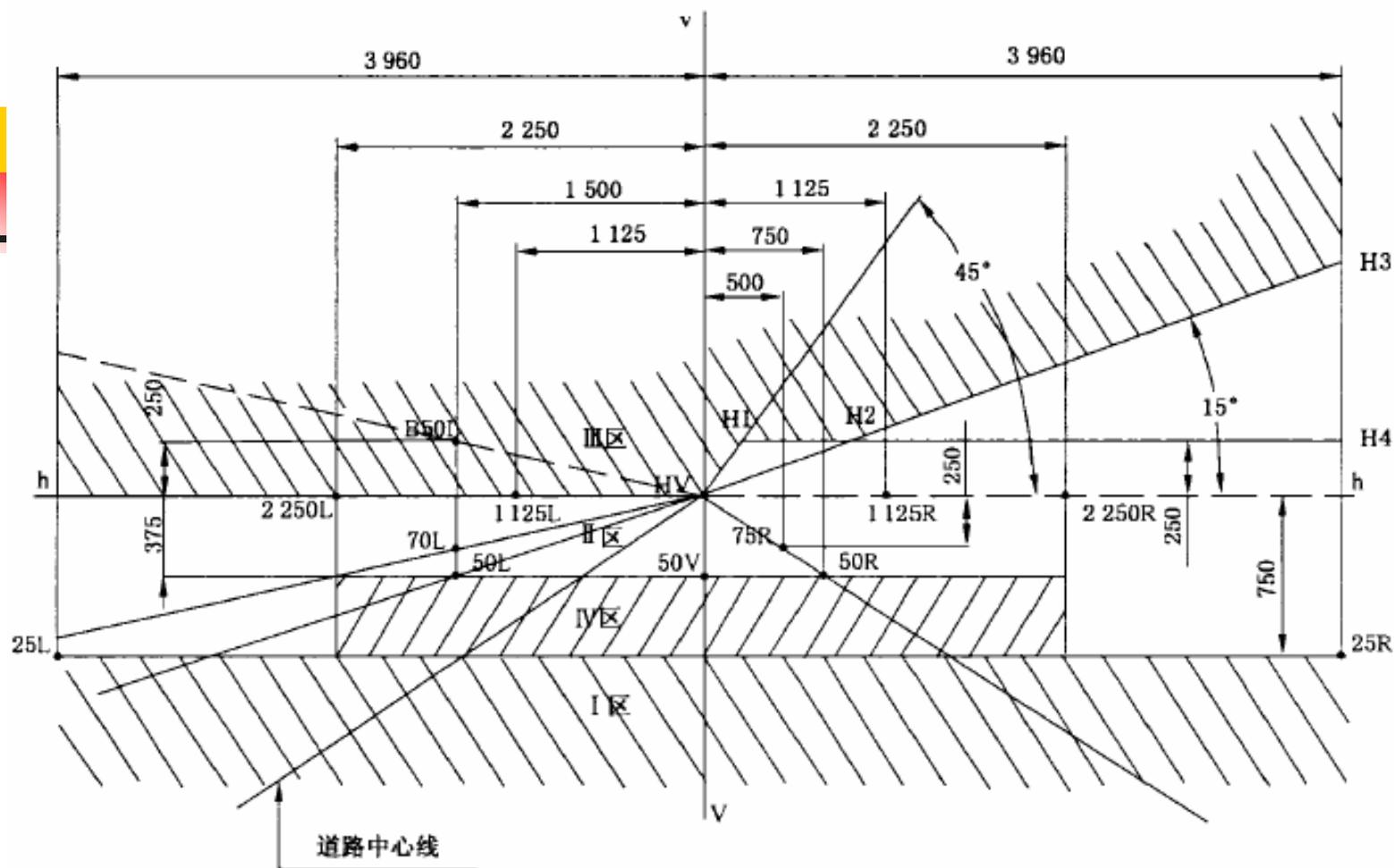


# LED汽车前照灯法规的发展现状

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- 2008年ECE R112修订并增加了LED模块用于汽车前照灯的规定
- 《汽车用灯丝灯泡前照灯》，国家标准GB4599—2007代替原来的GB4599—1994，已经在2008年6月1日开始实施
- 《汽车用LED前照灯》的征求意见稿已经发布

单位为毫米



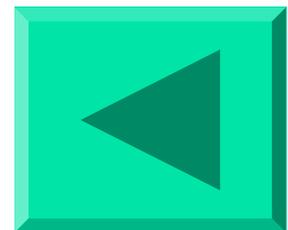
- 前照灯近光用**LED** 光源或**LED** 模块目标光通量应不小于**1000lm**。
- **LED** 光源或**LED** 模块的色温： $\leq 6000$  K。



# LED汽车前照灯光学系统发展

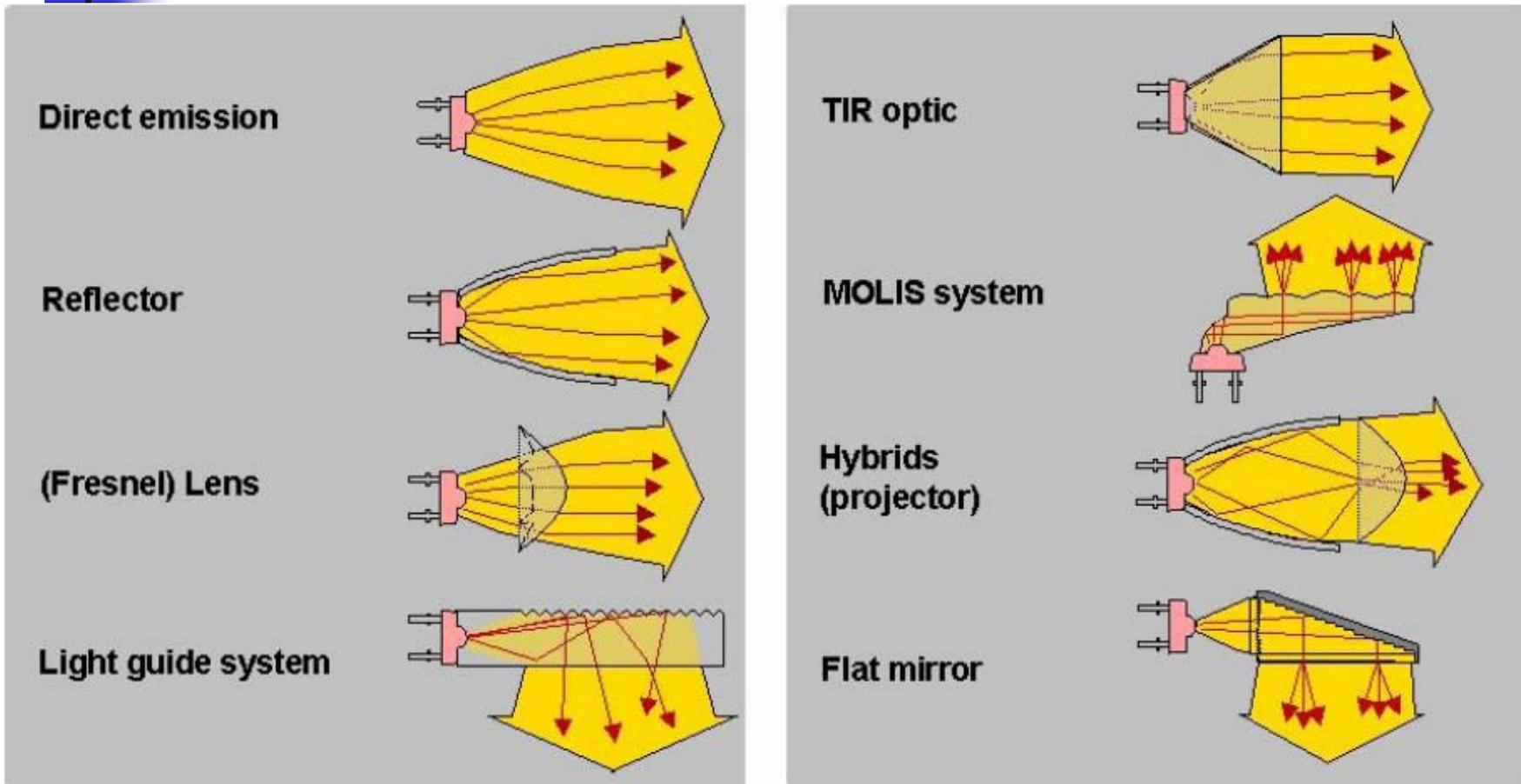
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- LED配光方式
- LED前照灯光学系统
  - 1. 反射式光学系统
  - 2. 投射式光学系统
  - 3. 透镜成像式光学系统



# LED汽车前照灯光学系统发展

## ——LED配光方式

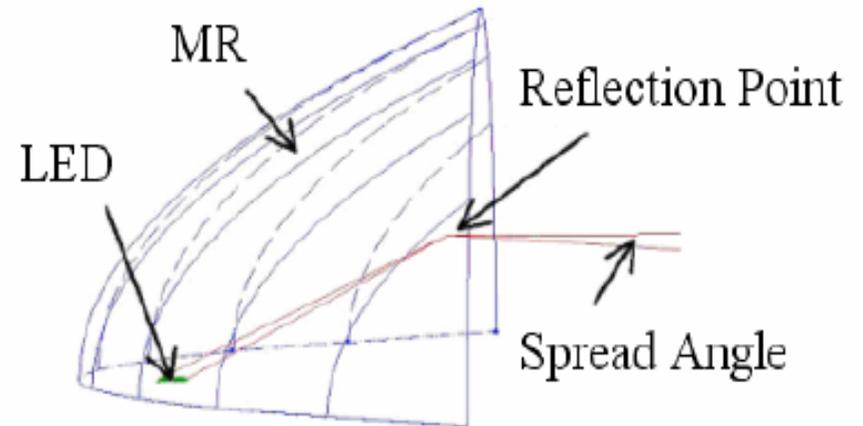
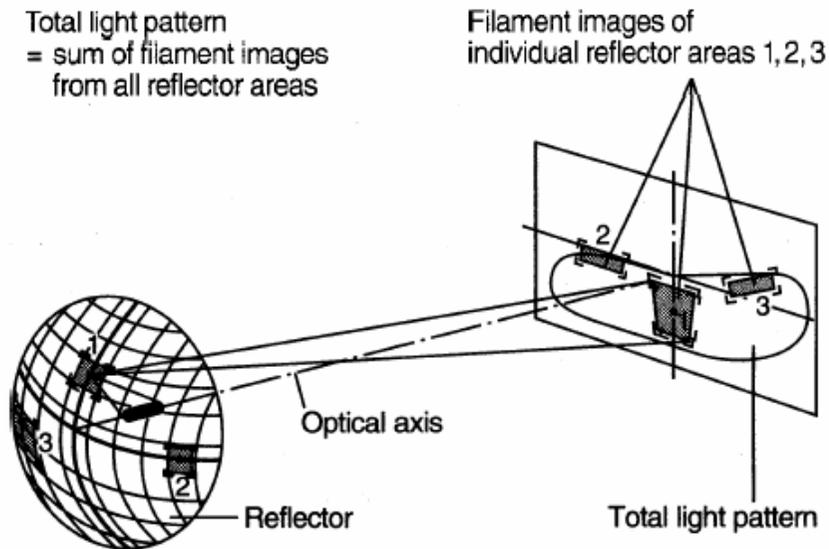


各种LED配光方式



# LED汽车前照灯光学系统发展 ——反射式光学系统

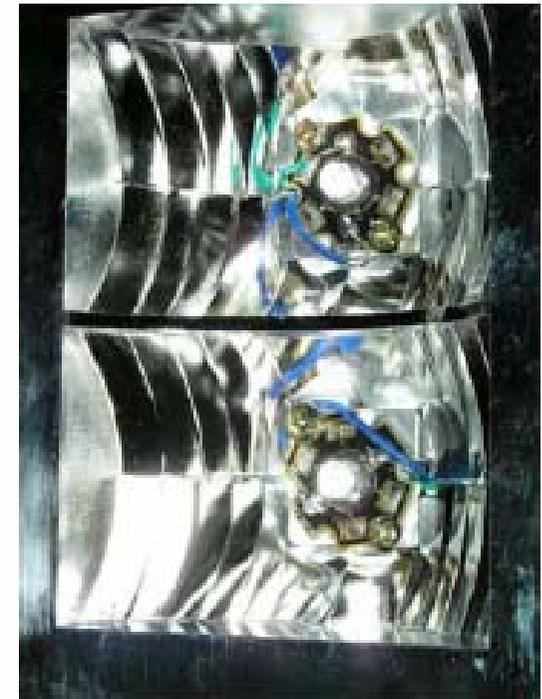
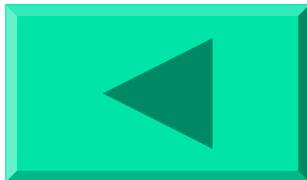
- 直接通过反射器将光源的光强角分布转换为所需光型。多重反射镜面反射器属于反射式光学。



# 多重反射镜面（MR）LED前照灯

● 光源：Lumileds LXHL-FW6C

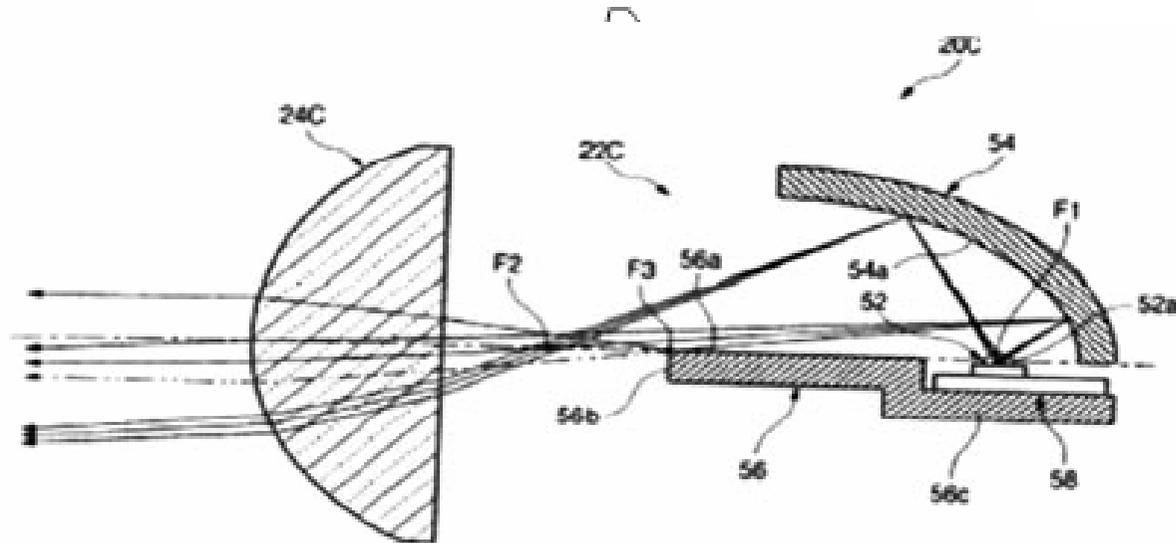
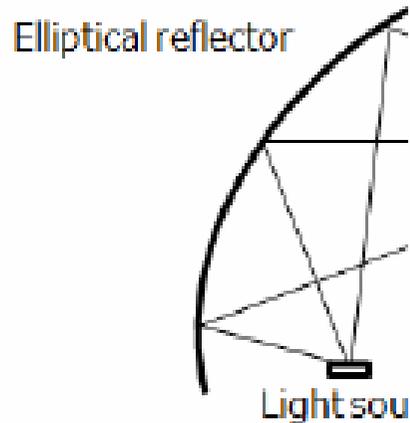
● 实际开模模组



# LED汽车前照灯光学系统发展

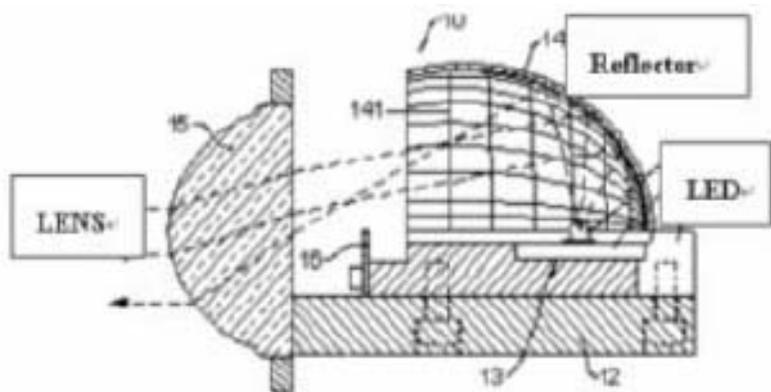
## ——投射式光学系统

- 将光源的光强角分布在椭球反射器的焦平面内转换为空间分布，然后再将椭球反射器的焦平面上的光强空

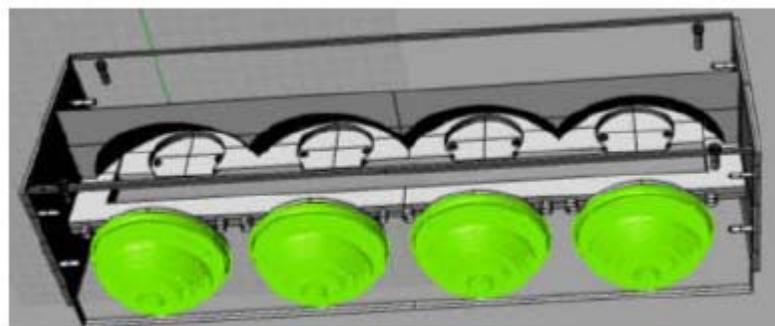


日本小糸的**LED**投射式车灯专利

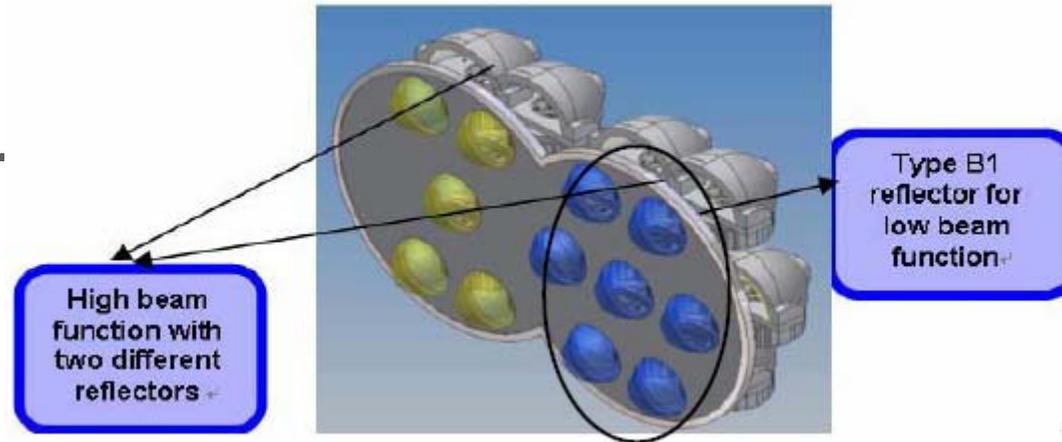
# LED投射式模型



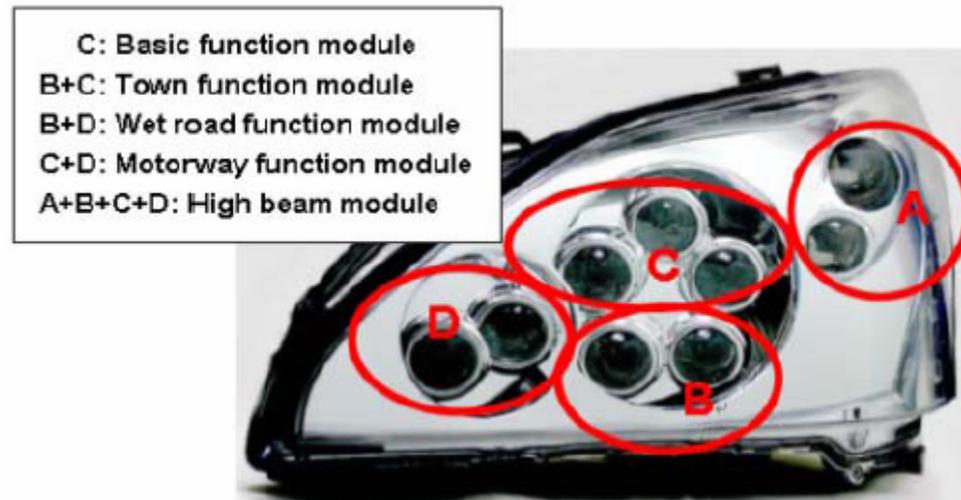
# LED雾灯



## LED头灯



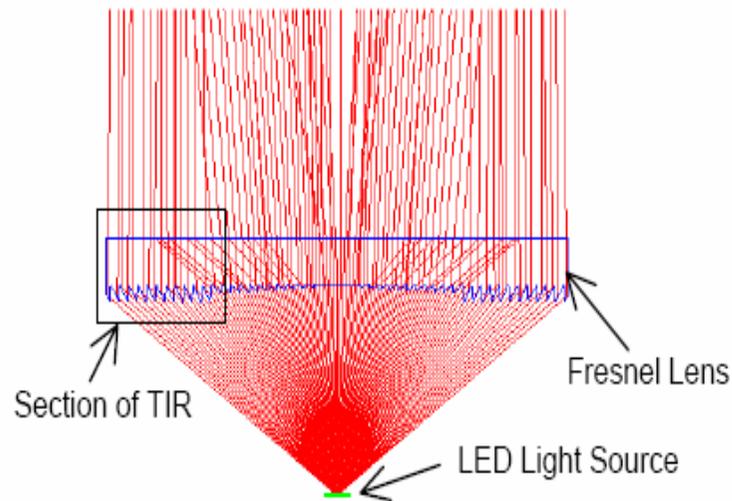
## AFS头灯





# LED汽车前照灯光学系统发展 ——全反射透镜方式

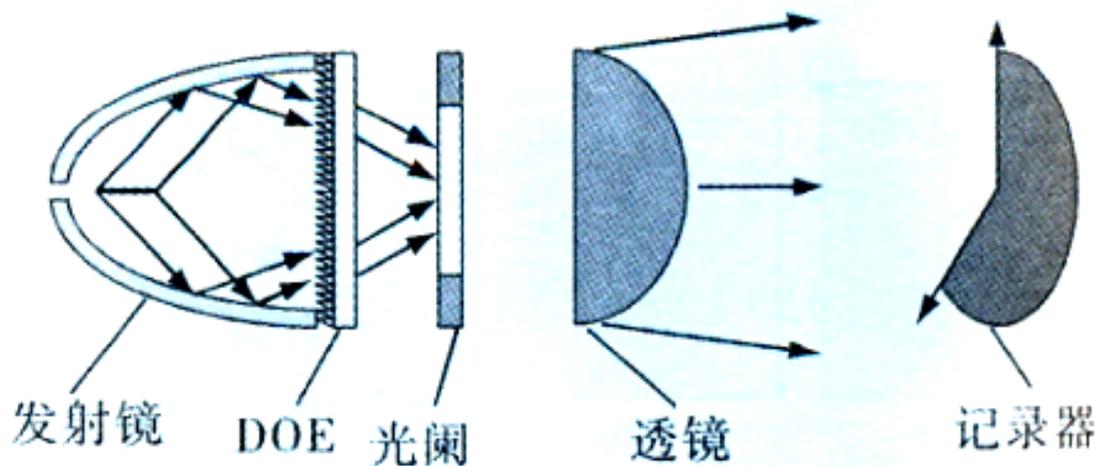
- **(TIR Lens)**：使用带菲涅尔透镜的全反射（**TIR**）结构，系统的焦距可以有效的减小。从而数值孔径或光线收集率也得到改善。

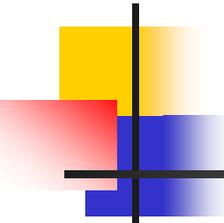


# LED汽车前照灯光学系统发展

## ——DOE透镜方式

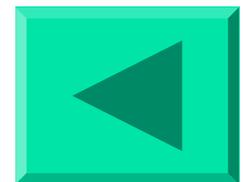
- 衍射光学元件（Diffractive Optical Elements, DOE）：是一种具有二元振幅或二元相位透过率的元件。





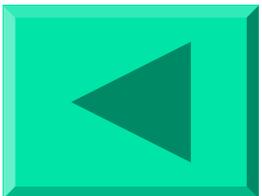
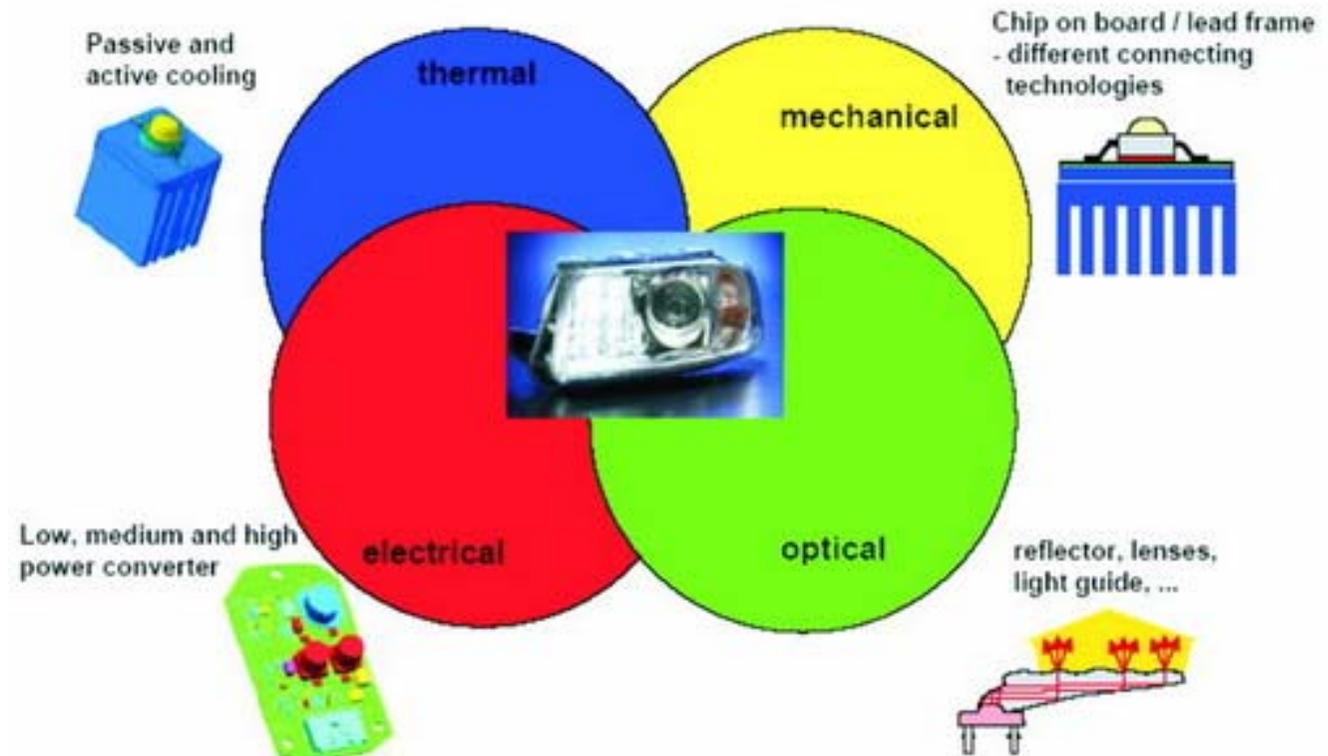
# LED汽车前照灯主要研究内容

- 一、LED光源辐射分布的测试与模型建立
- 二、二次光学的系统设计及软件开发
- 三、电路系统研究
- 四、散热系统的研究
- 五、光、机、热和电的一体化设计



# 汽车LED头灯系统的组成

- LED光源
- 光学系统
- 电学系统
- 机械系统
- 热学系统



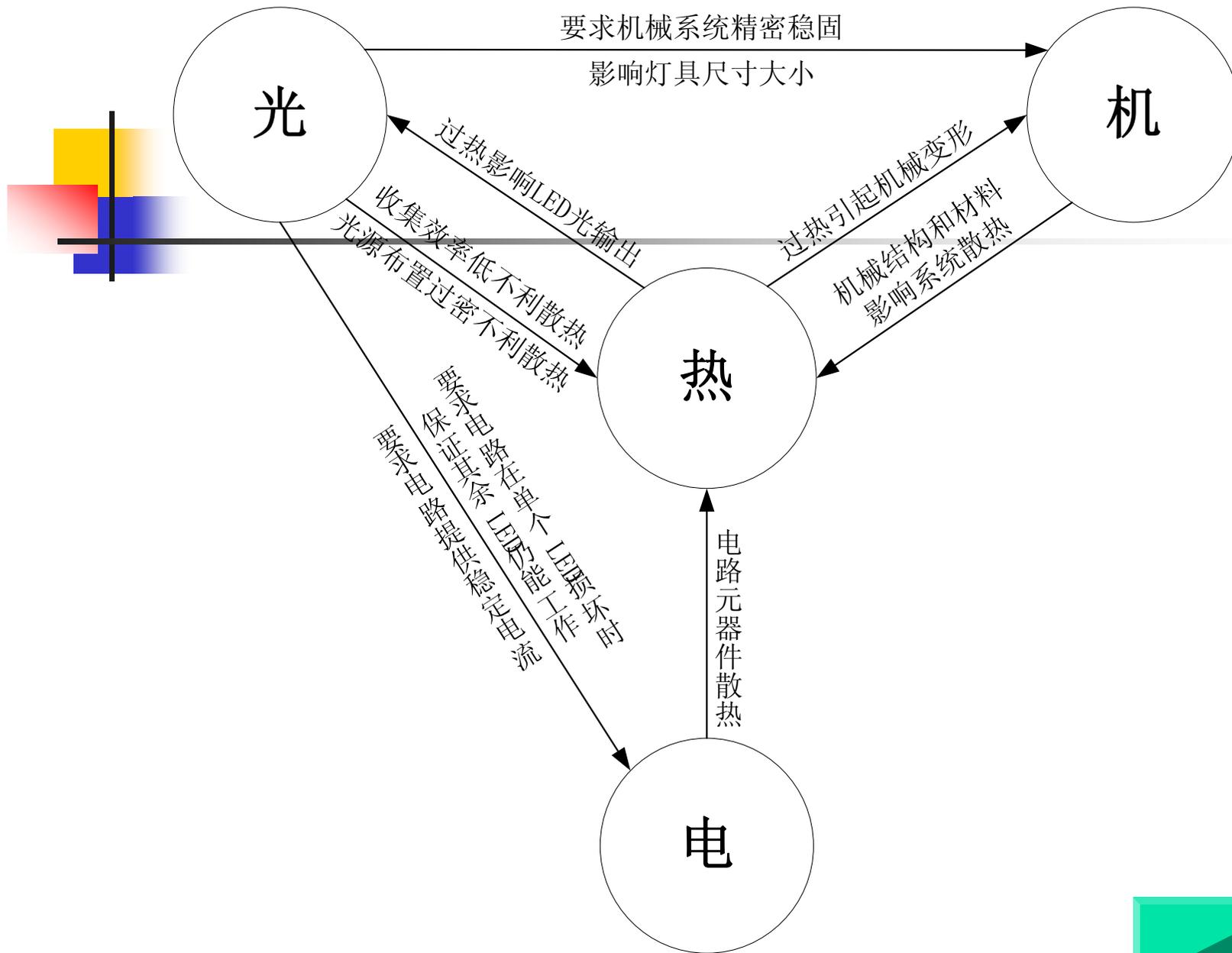
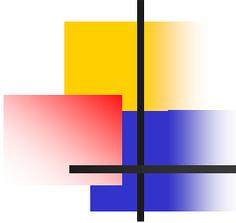


图3 光机热电关系图

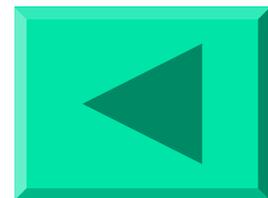




# 项目目前的进展情况

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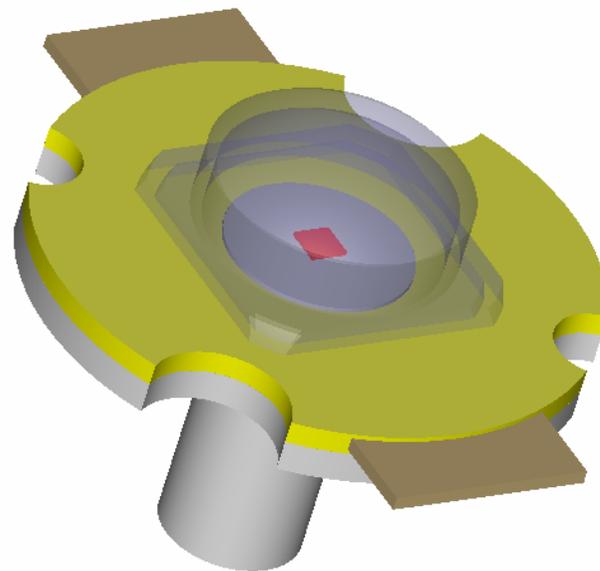
- 1、建立LED光源模型库
- 2、LED二次光学系统的设计
- 3、光学设计软件的开发
- 4、车灯的测绘与建模
- 5、LED驱动电路的设计
- 6、LED散热系统的研究



# LED光源模型库

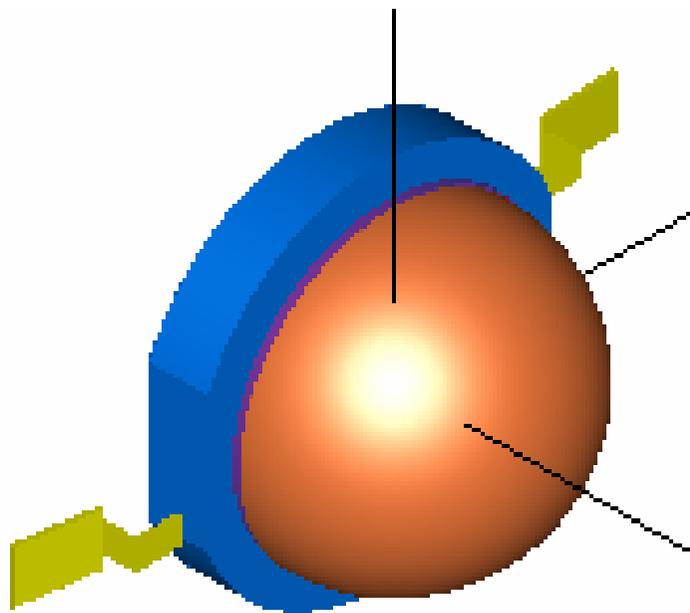


(a) Luxeon Star LXHL-MWGC

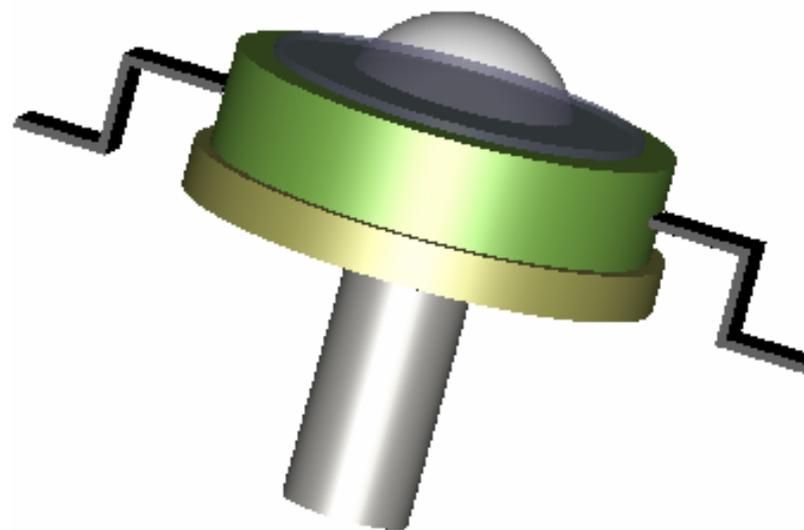


(b) 创元光电 CEUR01P60

# LED光源模型库

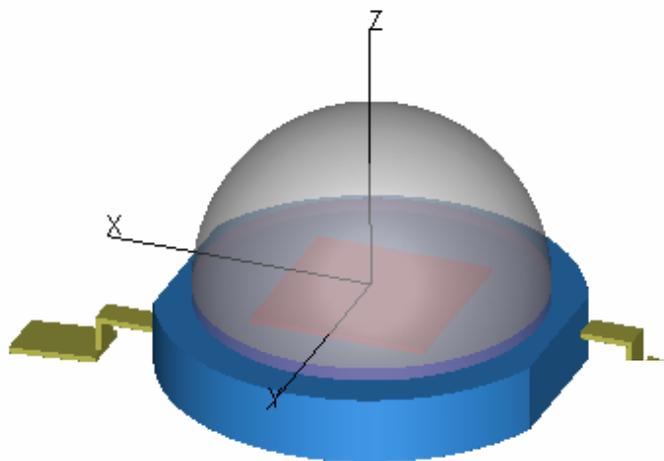


(c) Luxeon Star LXHL-PD01

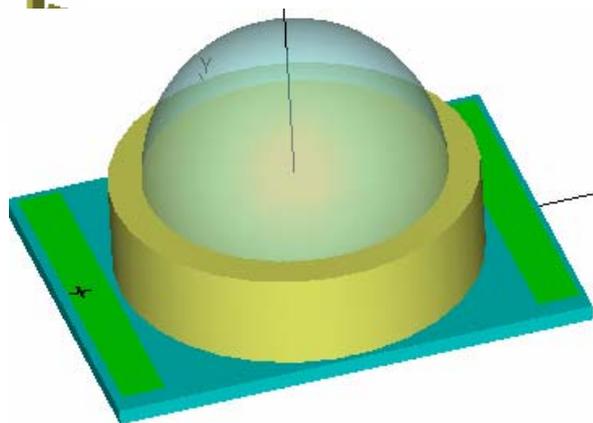


(d) 创元CEWH03P60

# LED光源模型库



流明公司1w黄色LED



Cree XLamp7090XR-E型号LED

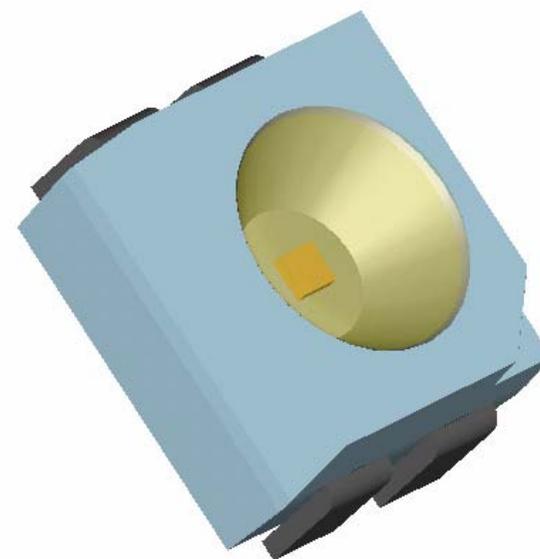


图 LCW-E6SG LED模型

# LED光源模型库

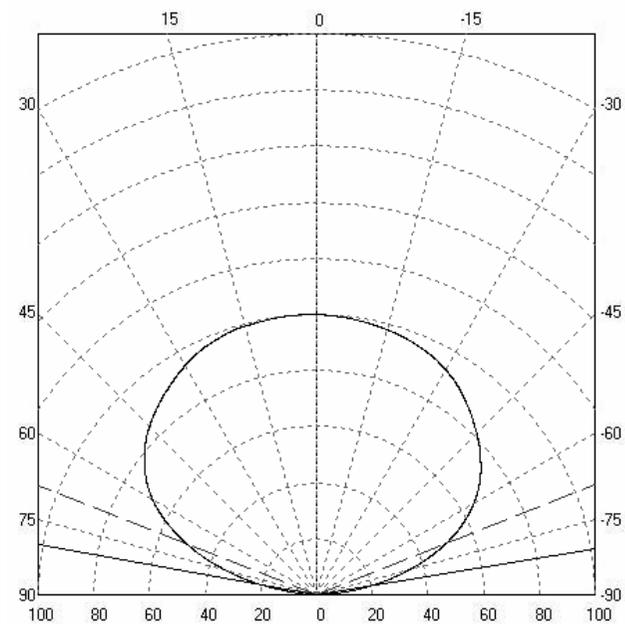
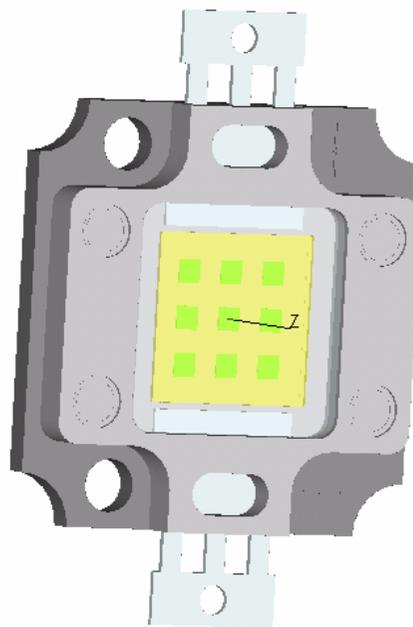
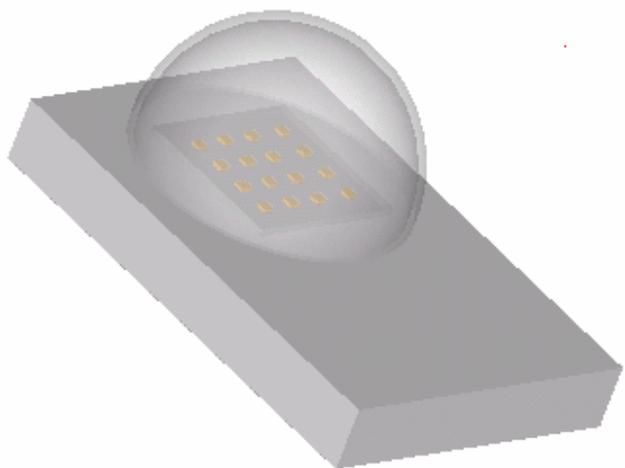


图 LUXEON Rebel LED模型



# LED汽车前雾灯

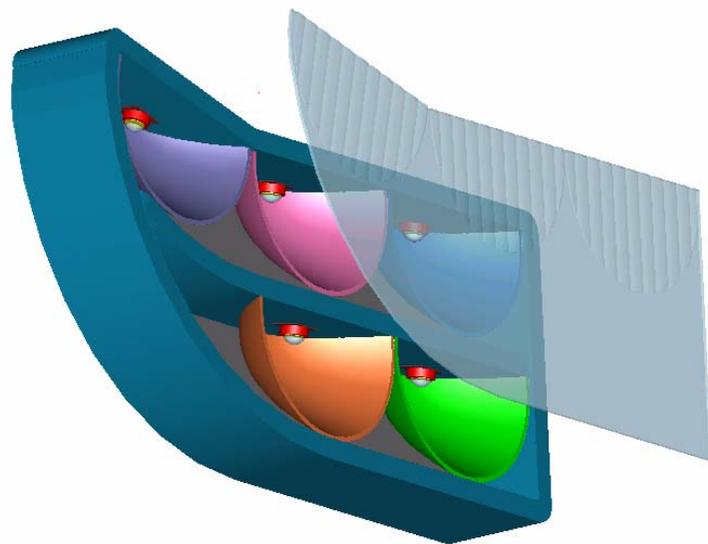


图5 雾灯整体模型

# LED汽车前雾灯

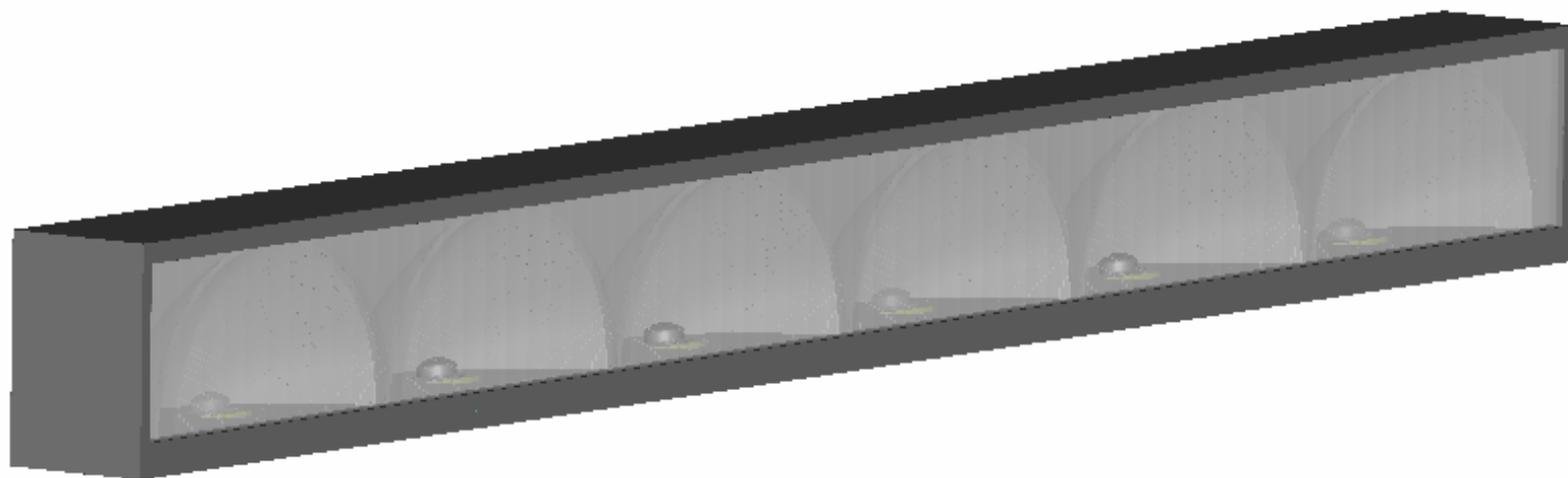


图5 雾灯整体模型  
(六个日亚公司NCCW002LED)

# LED汽车前雾灯

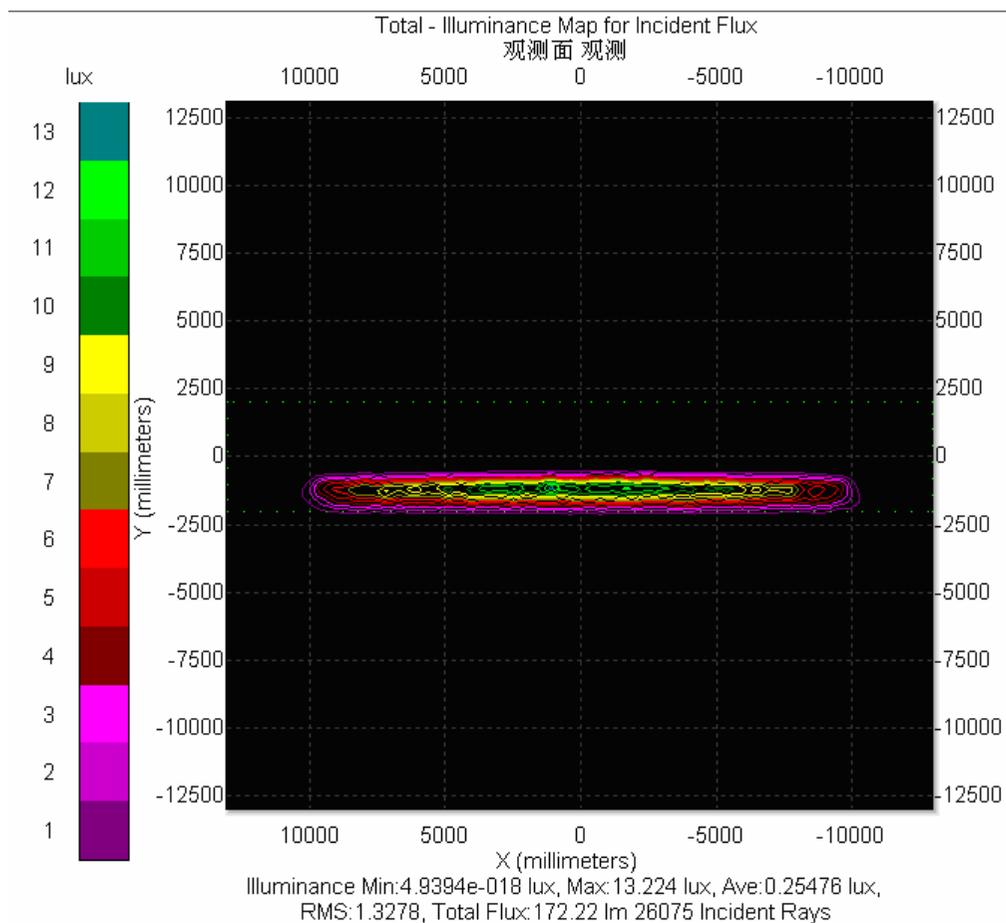


图7 25m观测面上的配光图

# LED汽车前雾灯

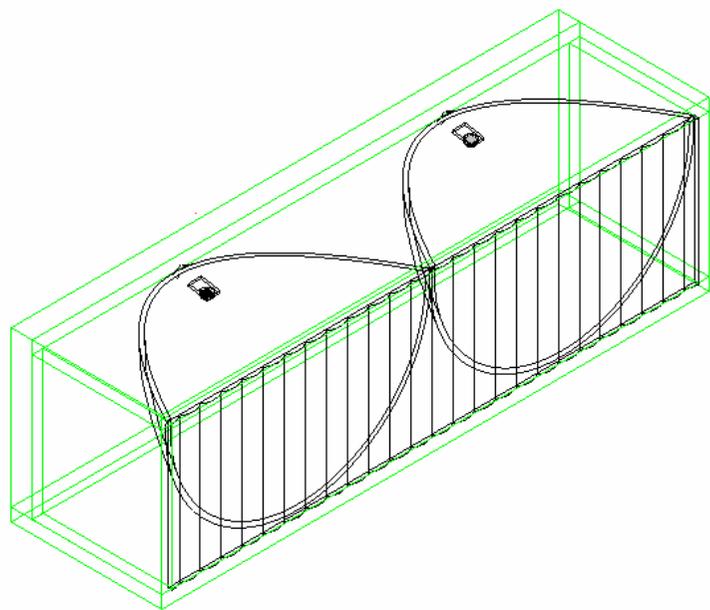


图 rebel前雾灯封装模型线框图

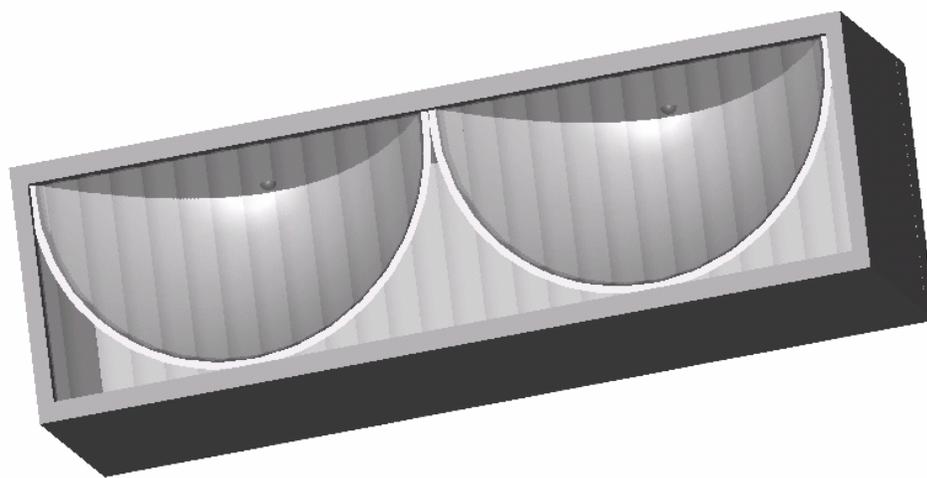


图 rebel前雾灯封装模型渲染图

# LED汽车前雾灯

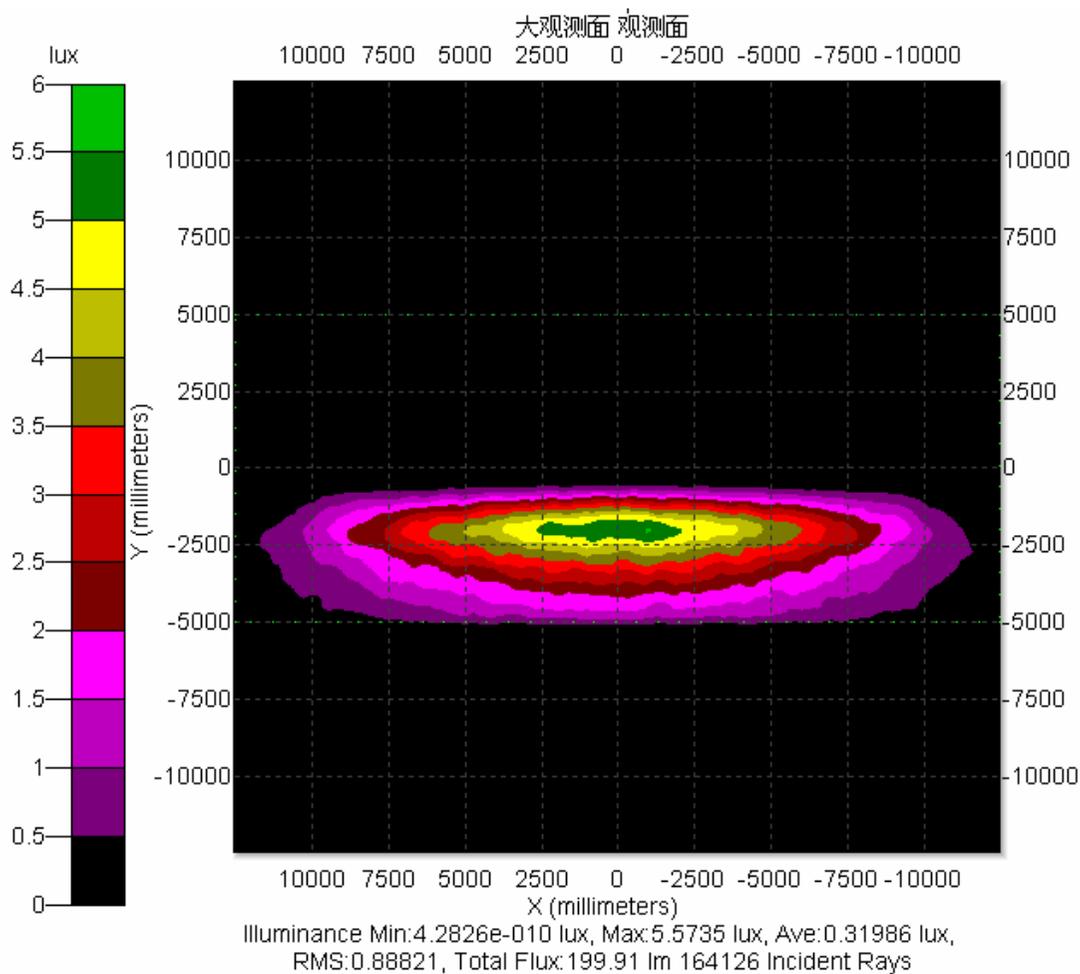


图7 25m观测面上的配光图

# LED 汽车刹车灯

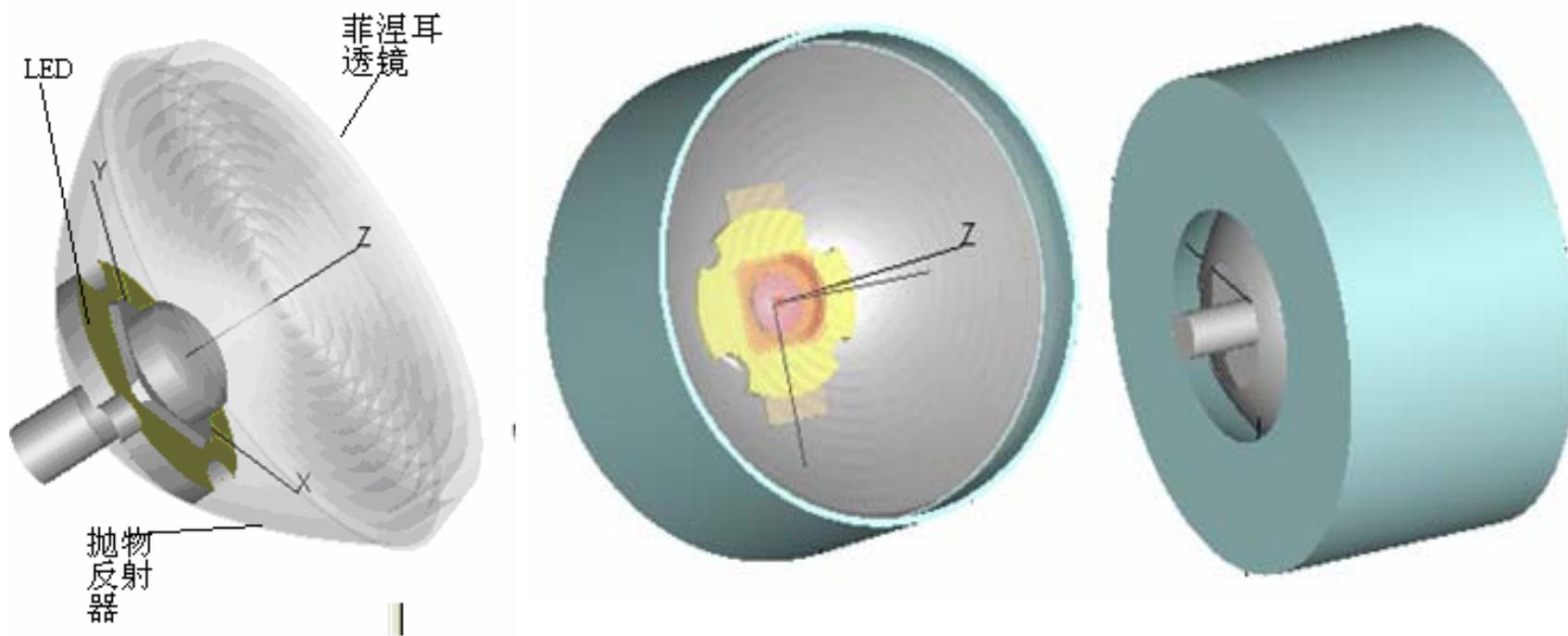


图12 汽车刹车灯模型

# LED 汽车刹车灯

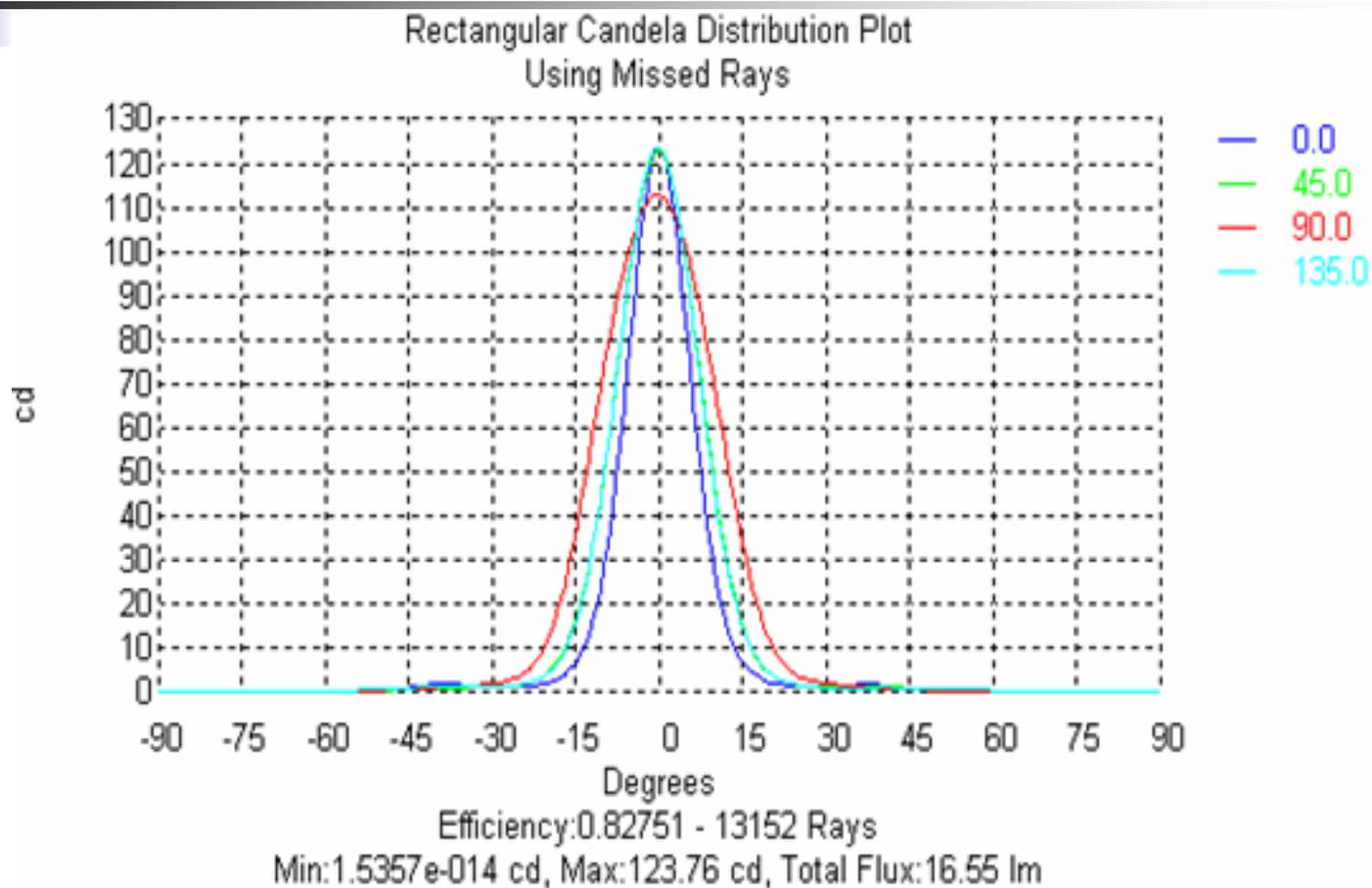


图13 汽车刹车灯的光强分布图

# LED汽车后转向灯

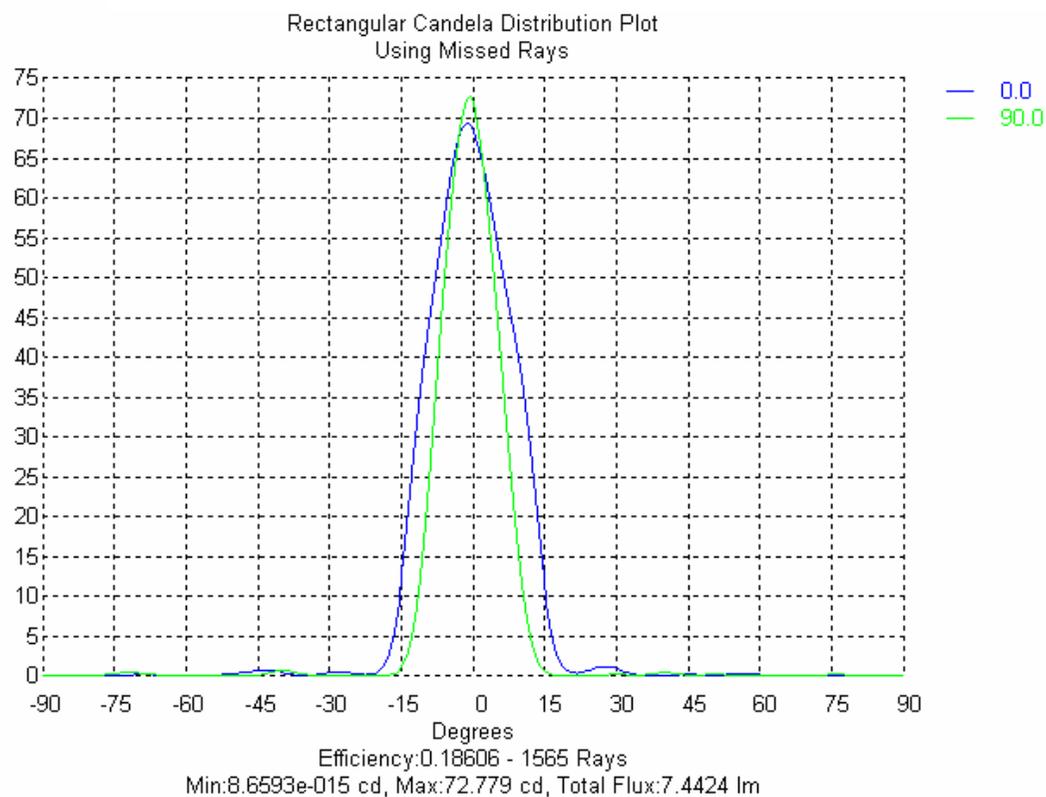
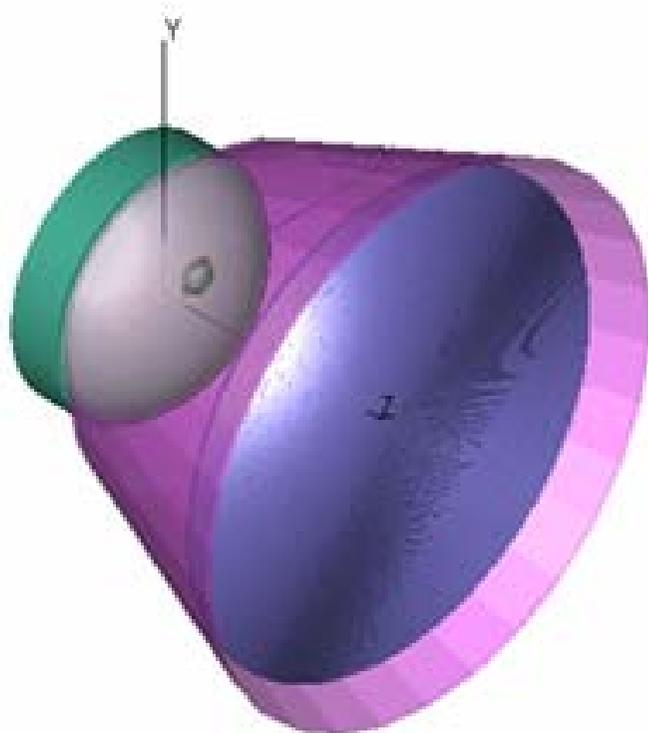


图14 后转向灯模型及光强分布图

# LED隧道照明光学系统

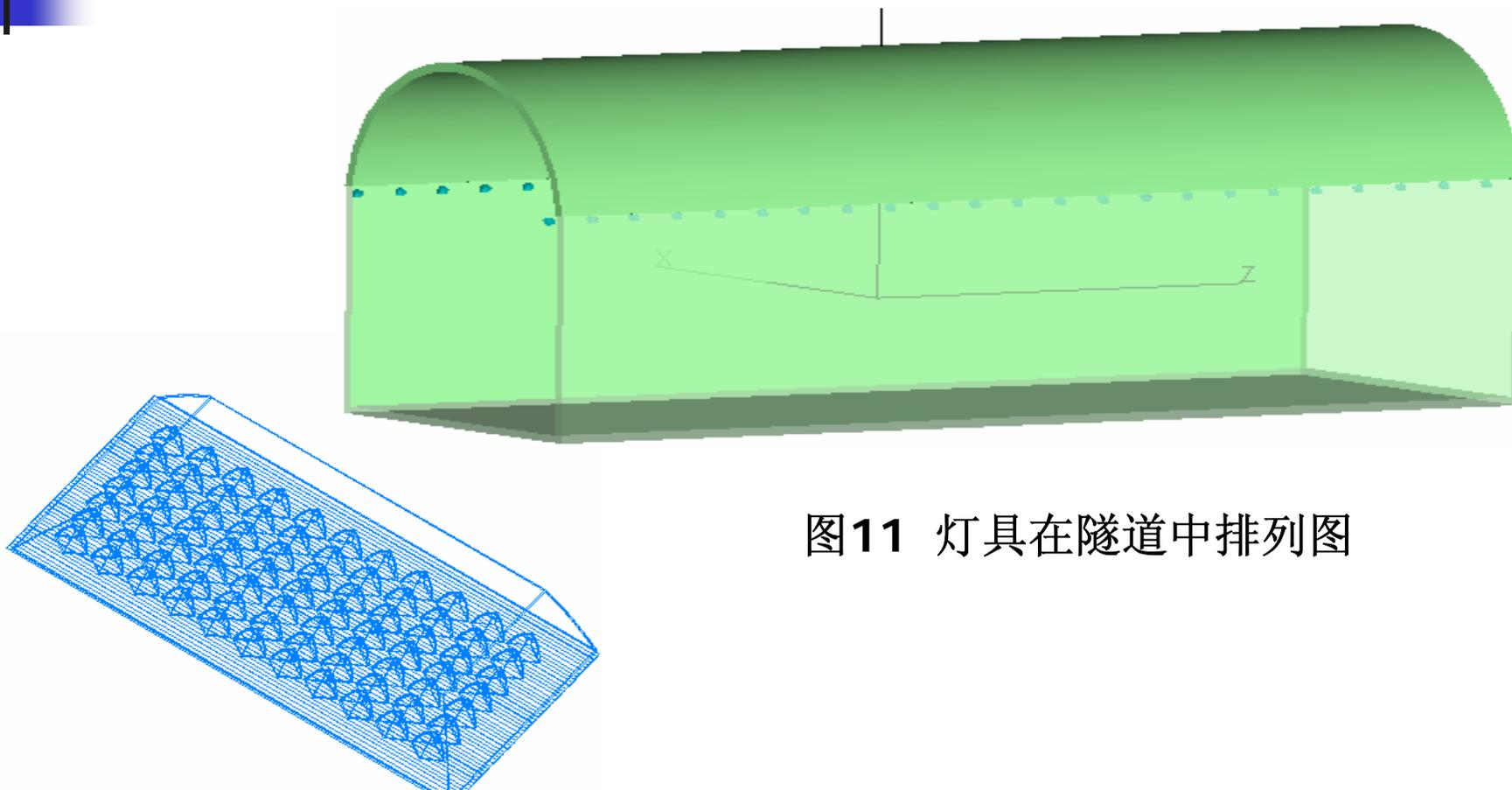
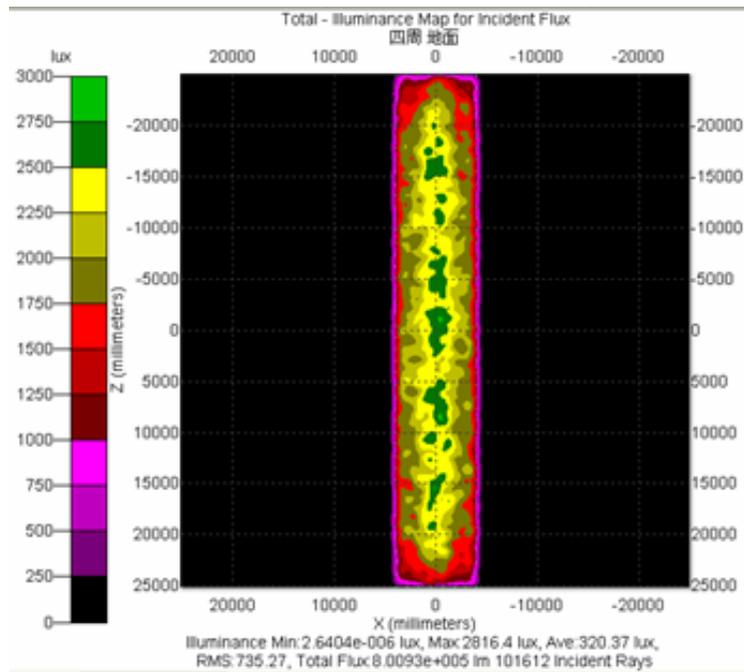


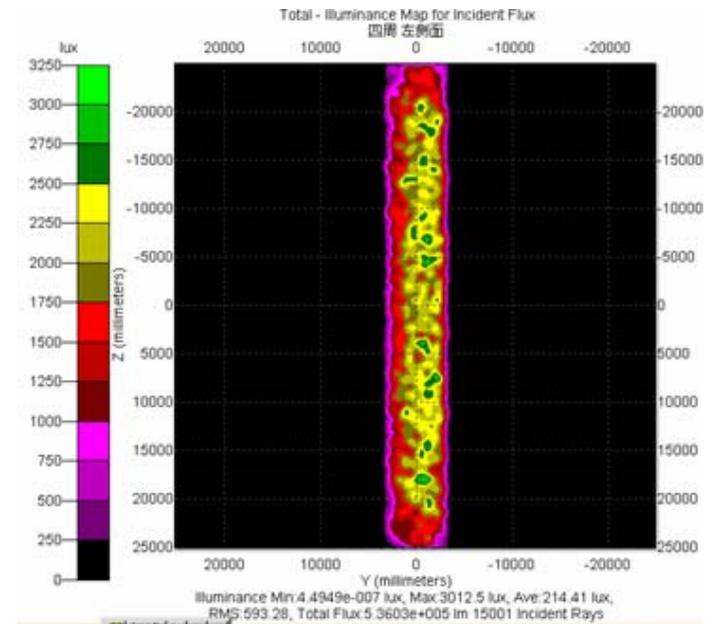
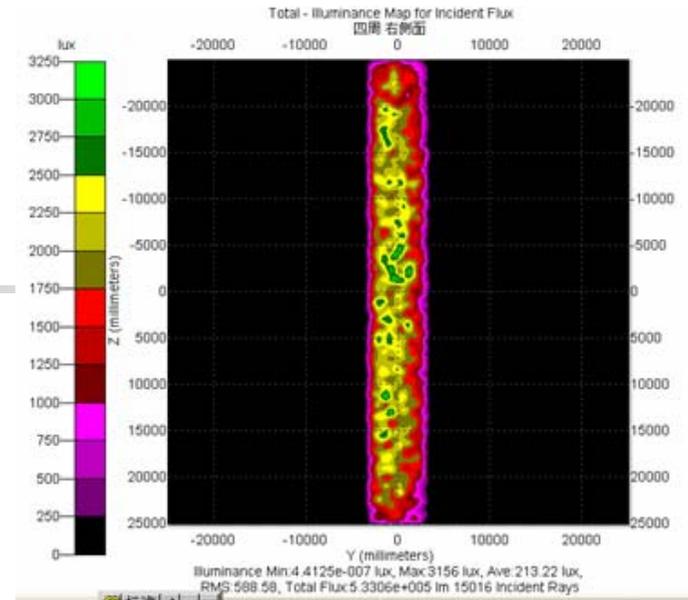
图11 灯具在隧道中排列图

图10 77W隧道照明灯具模型图

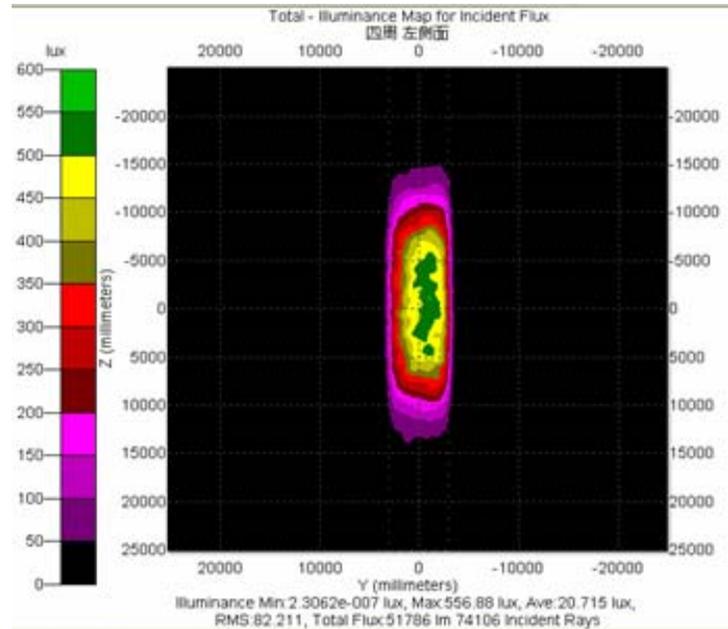
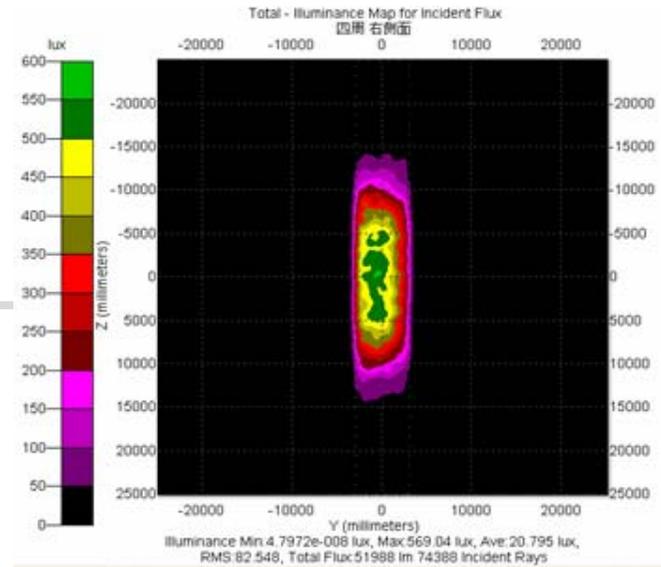
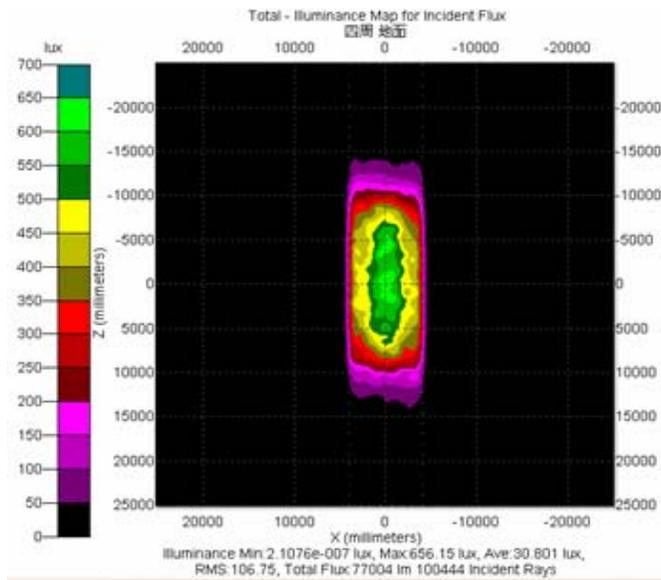
# LED隧道照明



入口段照明效果图

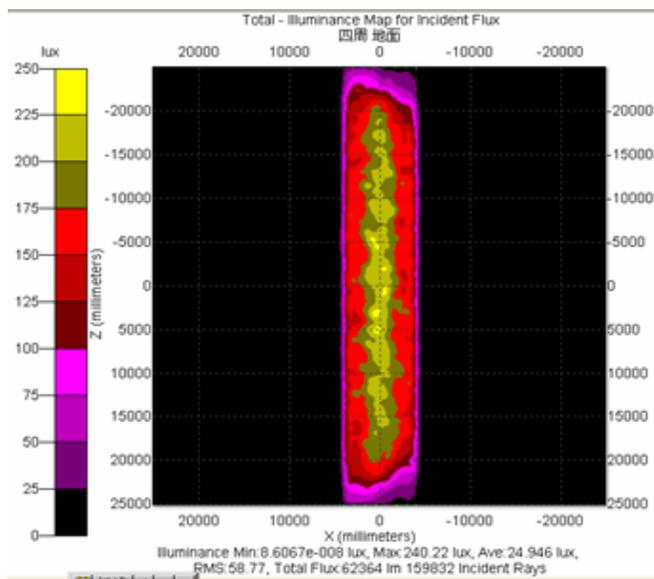


# LED隧道照明

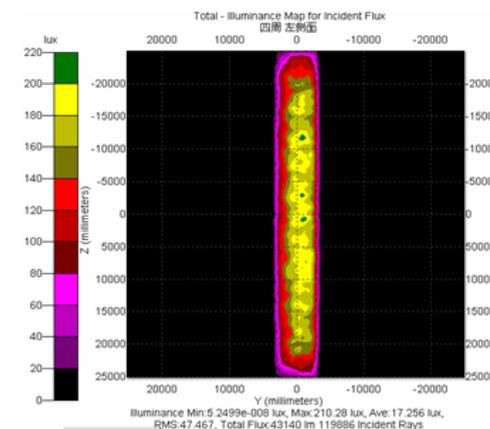
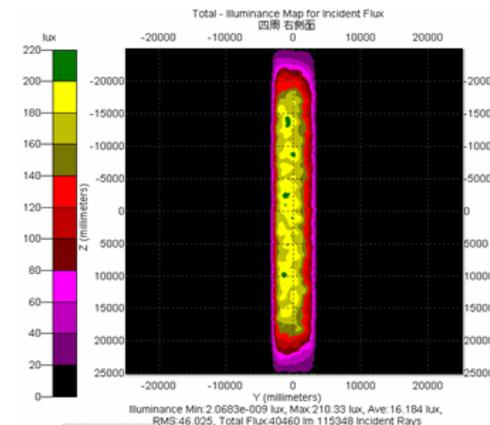


第一个过渡段照明效果图

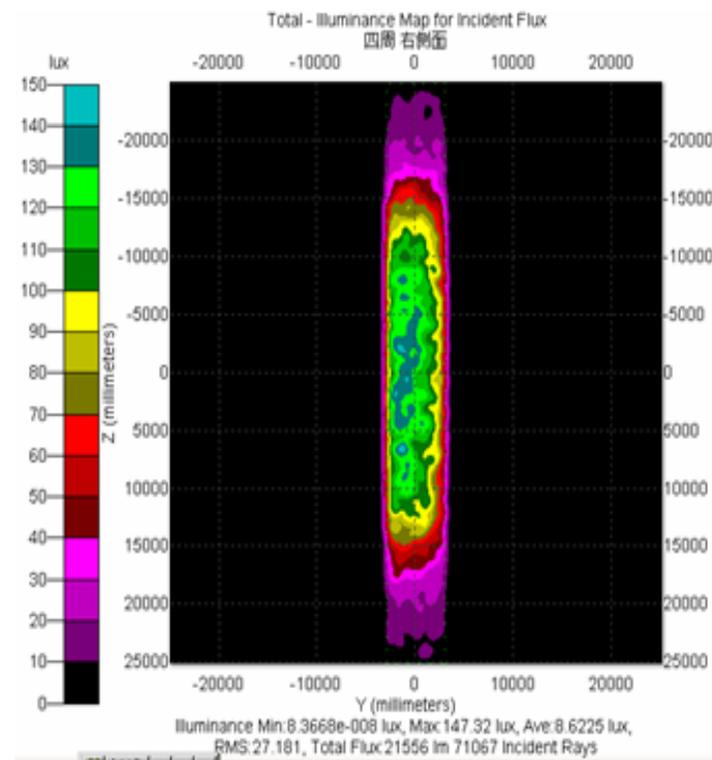
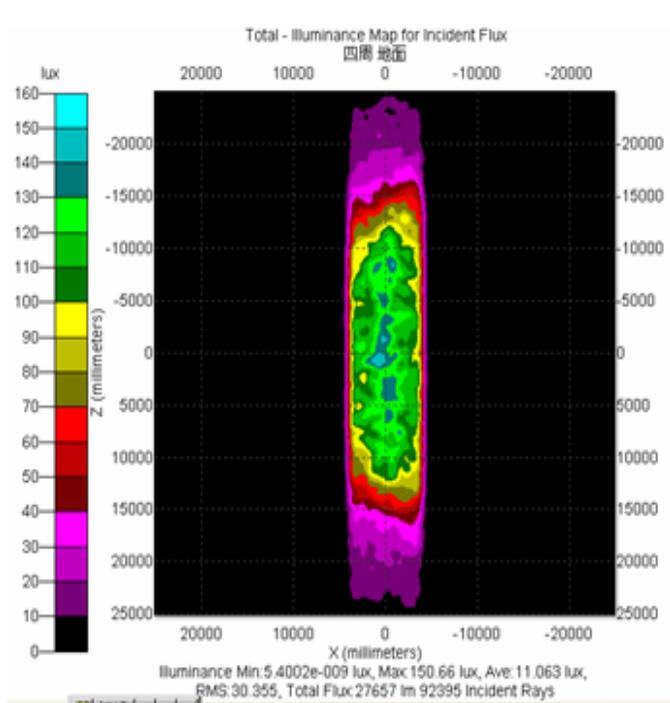
# LED隧道照明



第二个过渡段照明效果图



# LED隧道照明



(a) 地面光照度图

(b) 侧面光照度图

图15 中间段照明效果图

# 反射式LED汽车前照灯

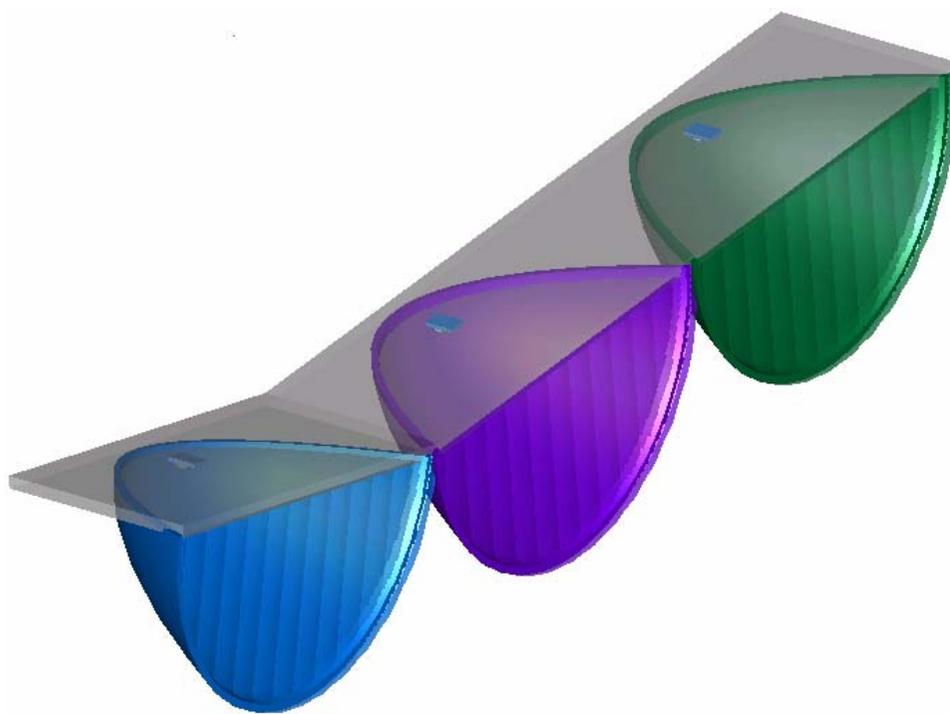
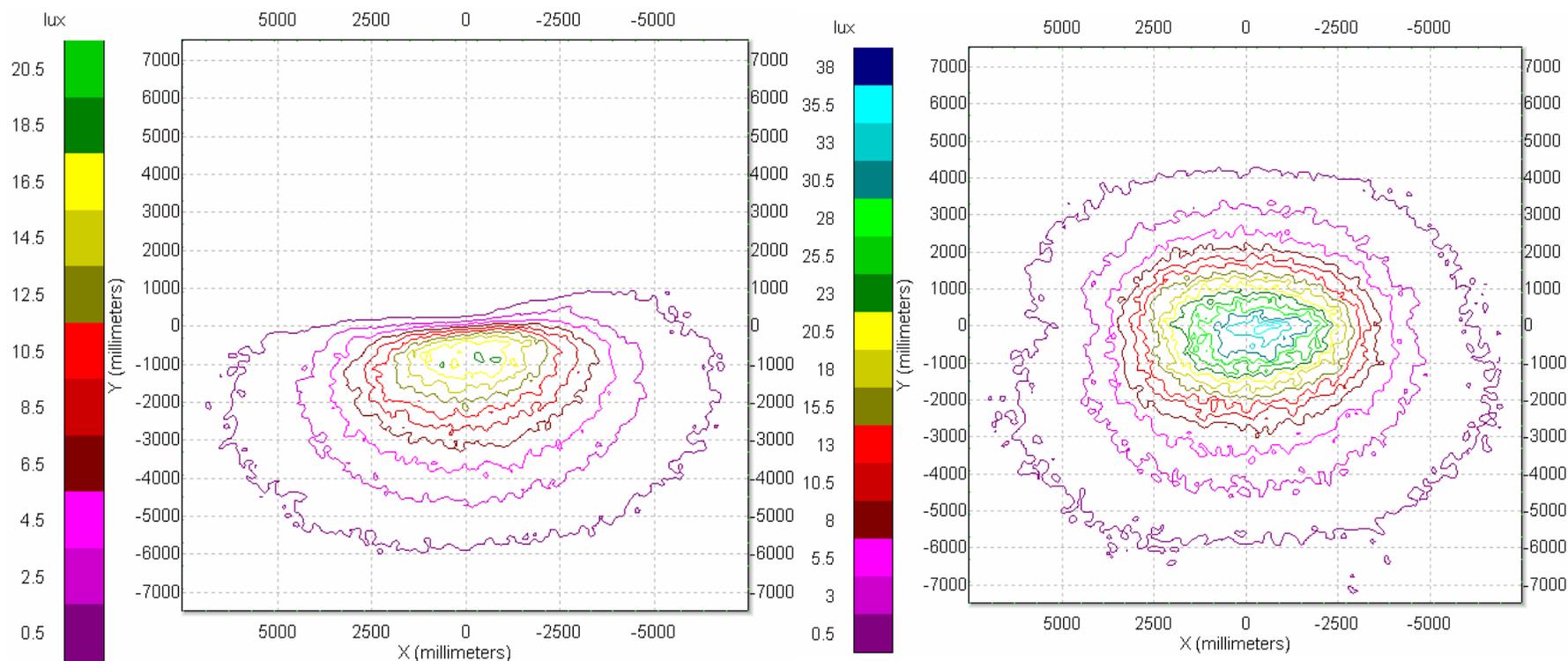


图4.14 反射式LED汽车前照灯近光系统三维模型图

# 反射式LED汽车前照灯



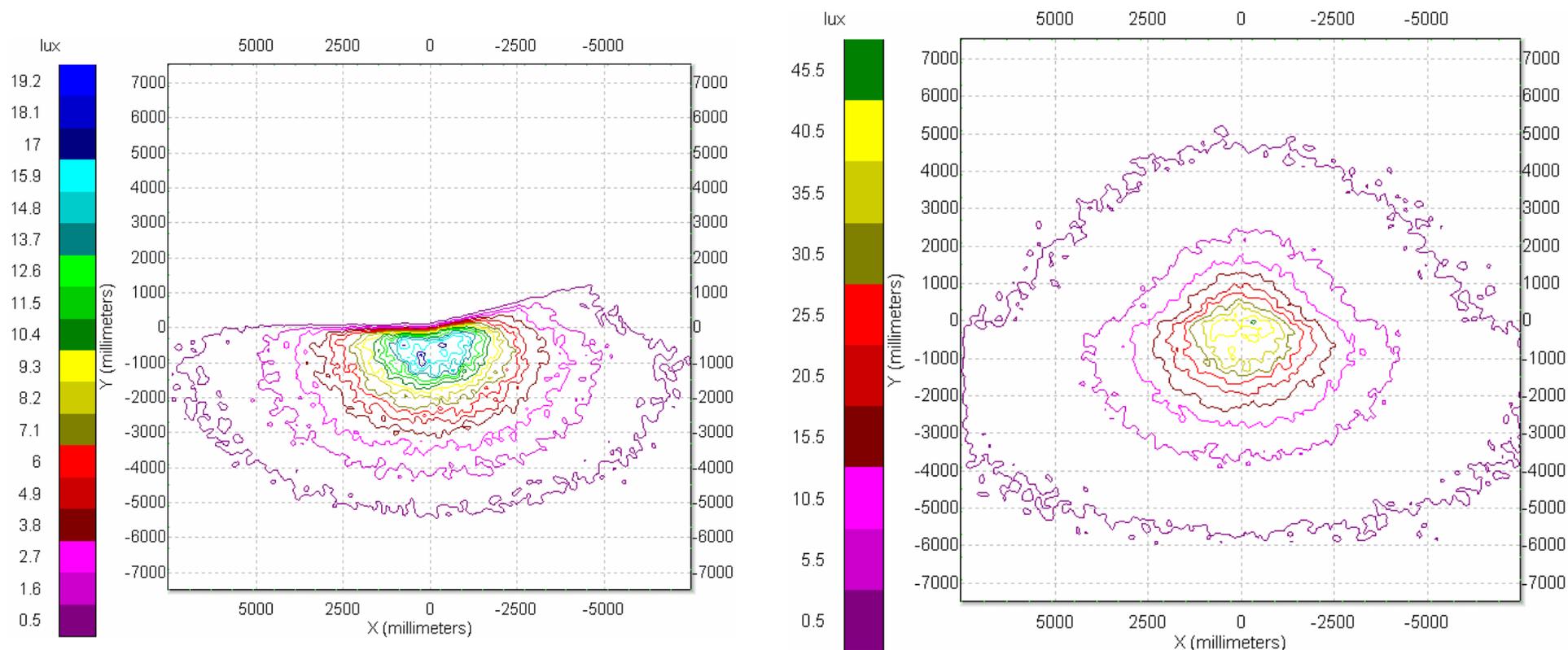
反射式LED汽车前照灯测试屏幕等照度分布图

# 投射式LED汽车前照灯



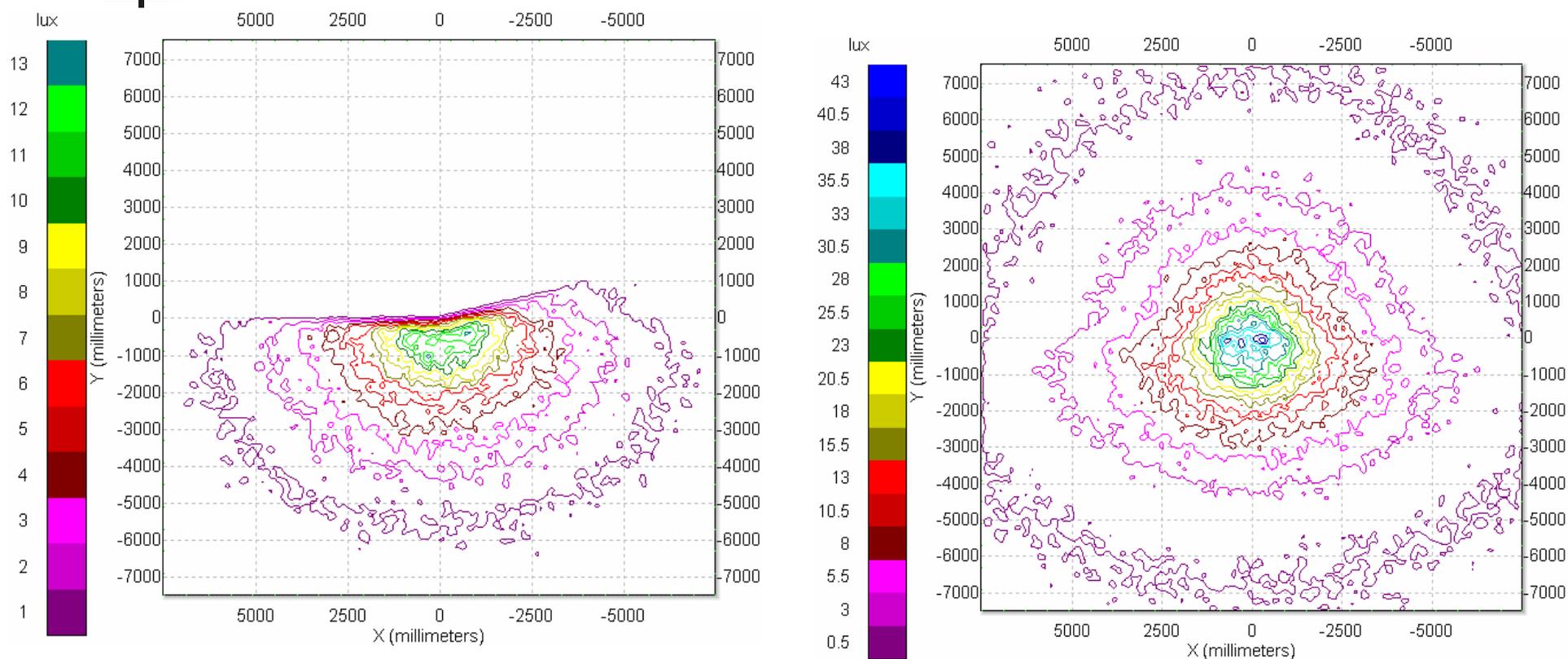
投射式系统的三维模型图

# 投射式LED汽车前照灯



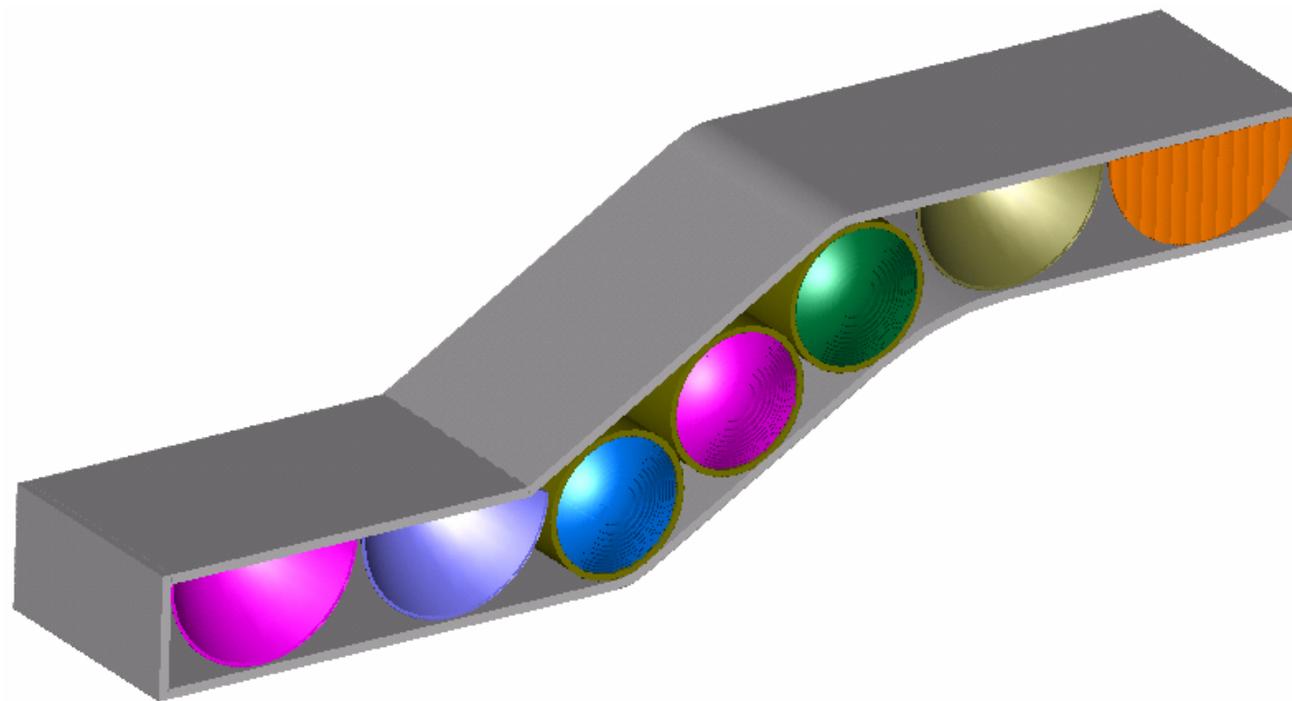
投射式1测试屏幕等照度图

# 投射式LED汽车前照灯

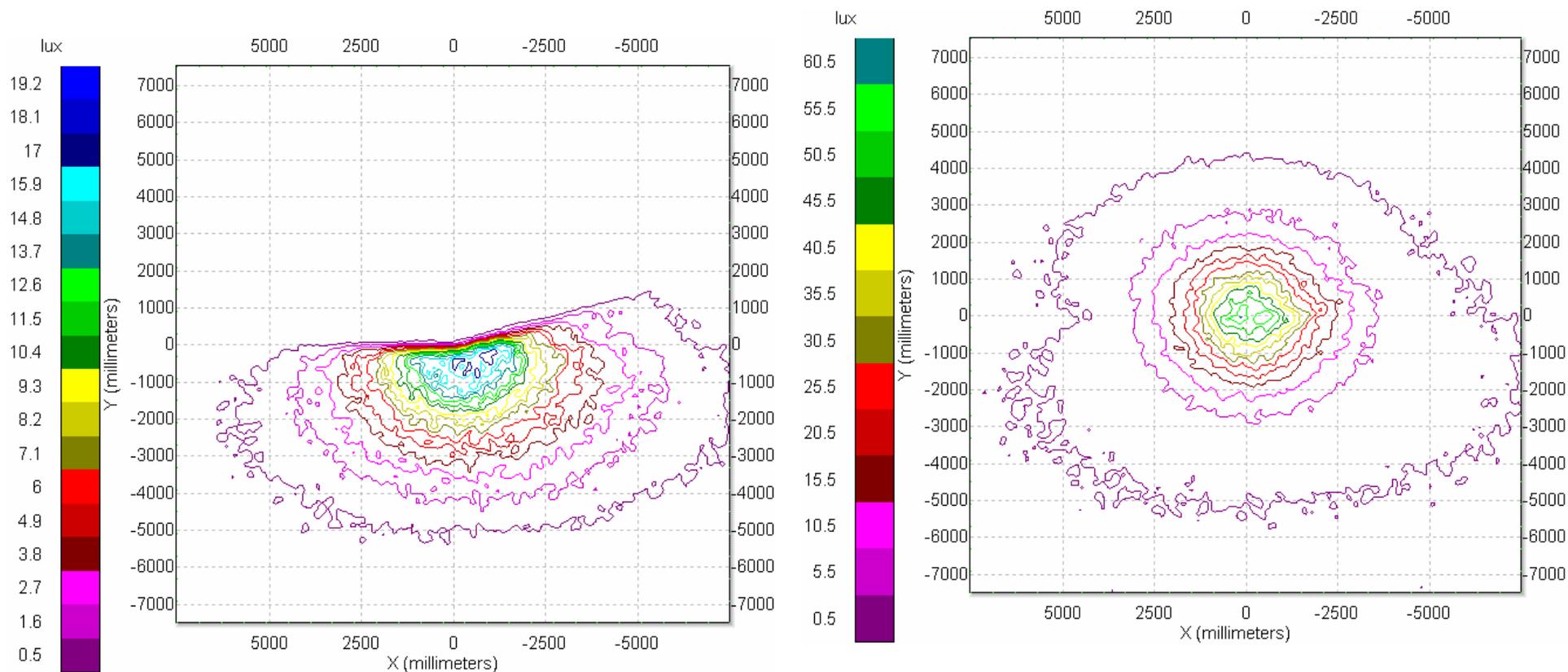


投射式2测试屏幕等照度图

# 组合式LED汽车前照灯

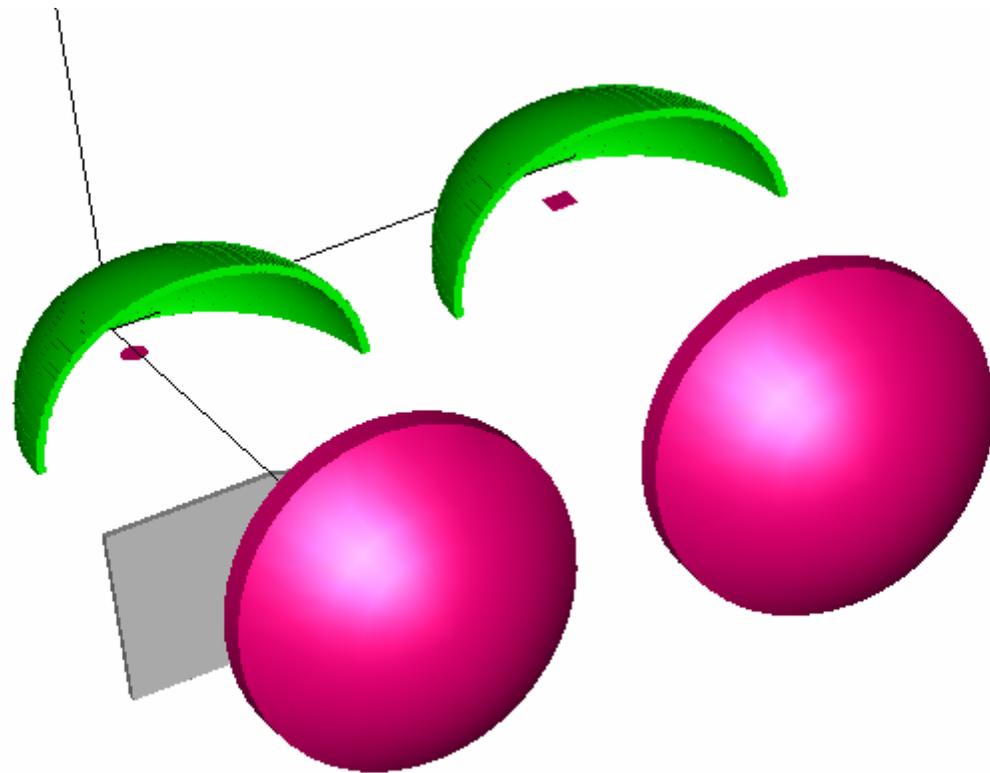


# 组合式LED汽车前照灯

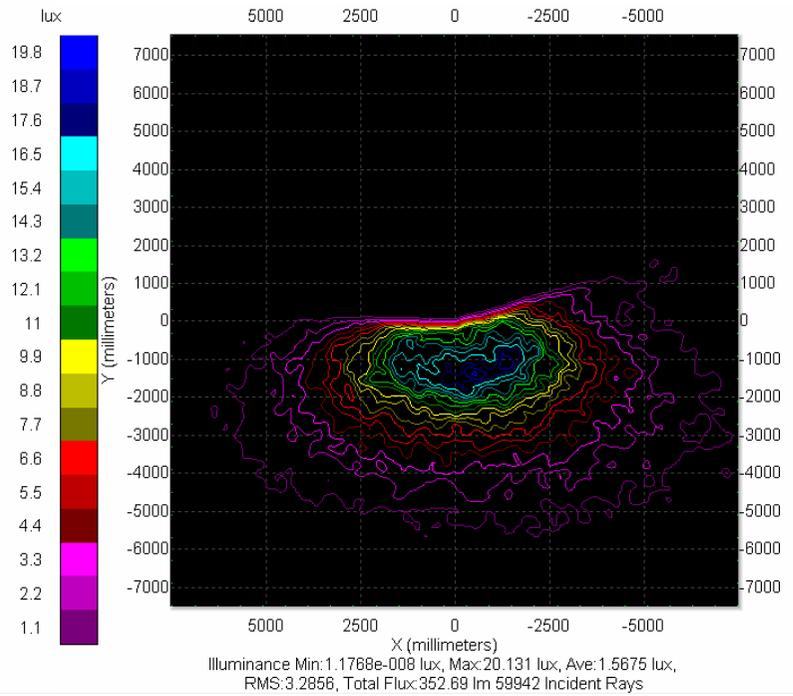
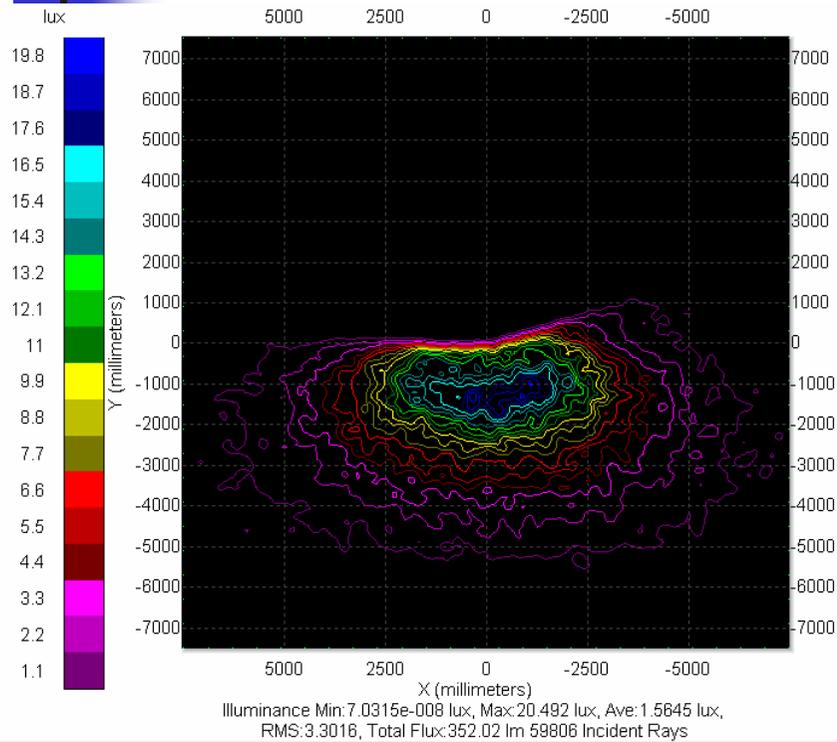


组合式测试屏幕等照度图

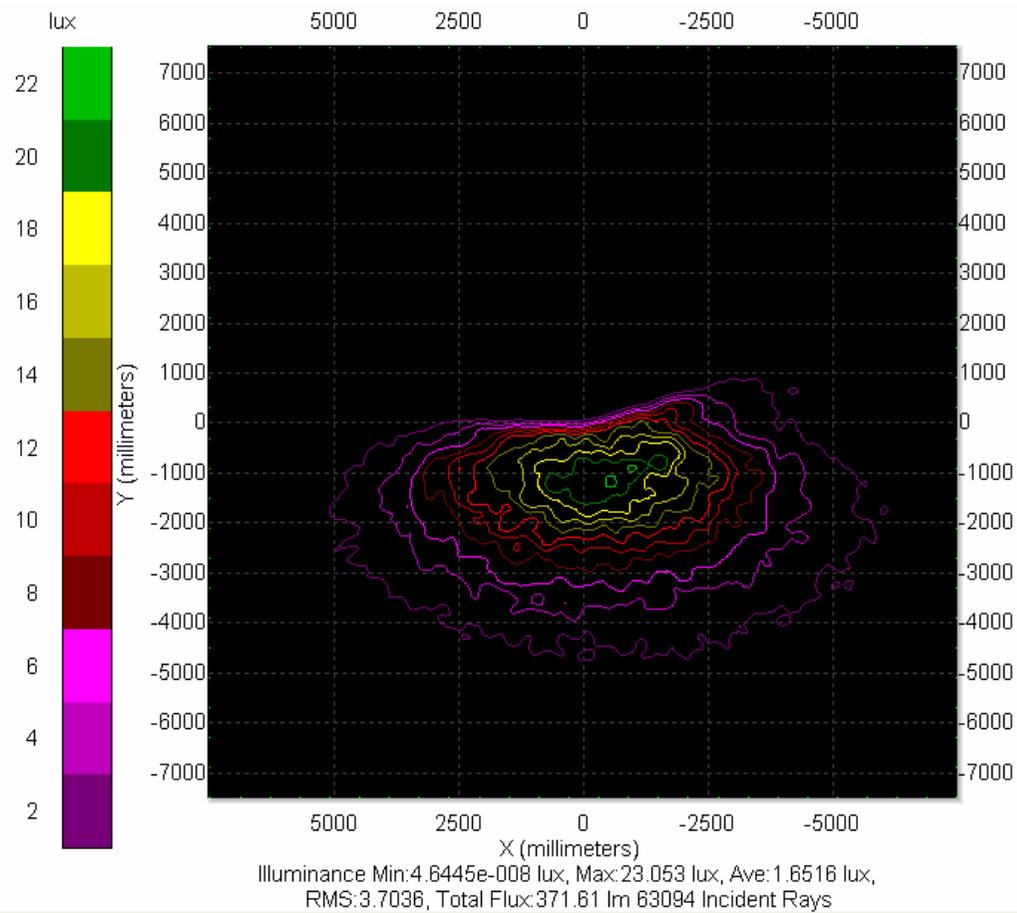
# 模型图



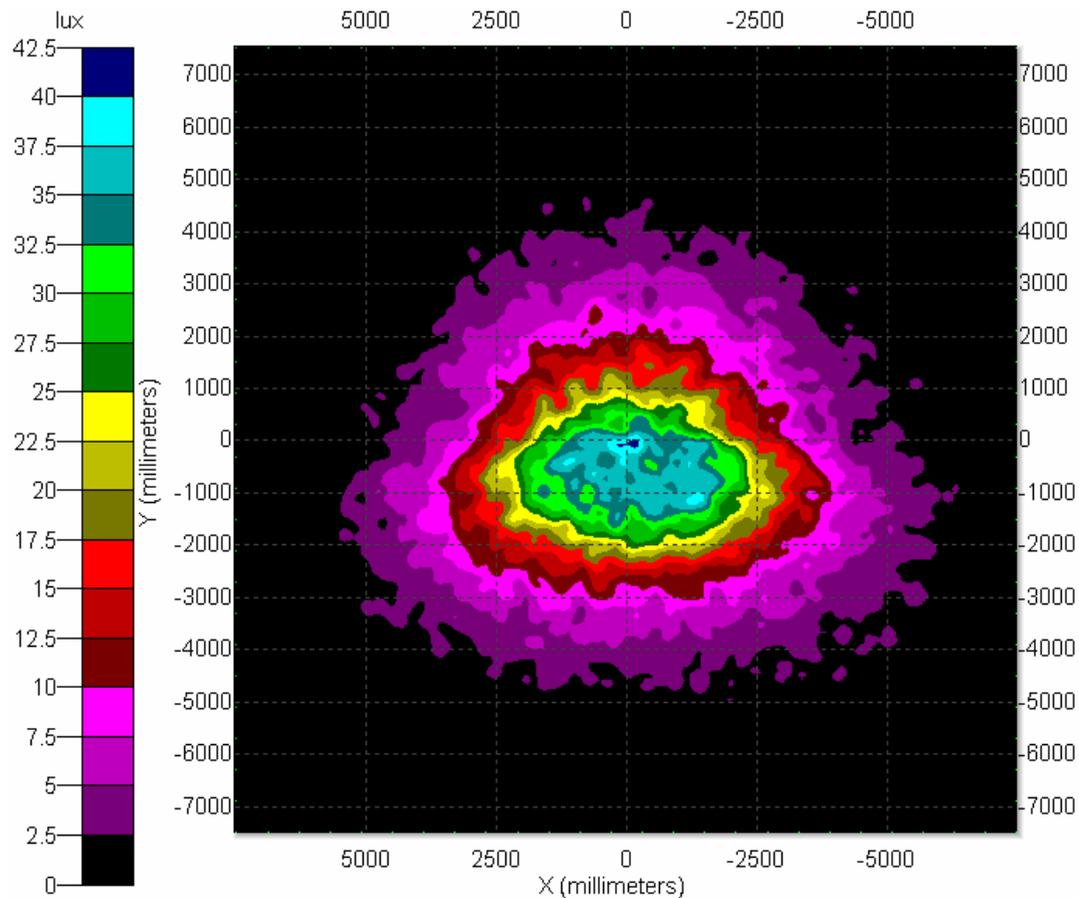
# 近光设计



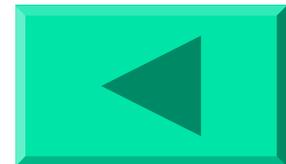
# 近光设计



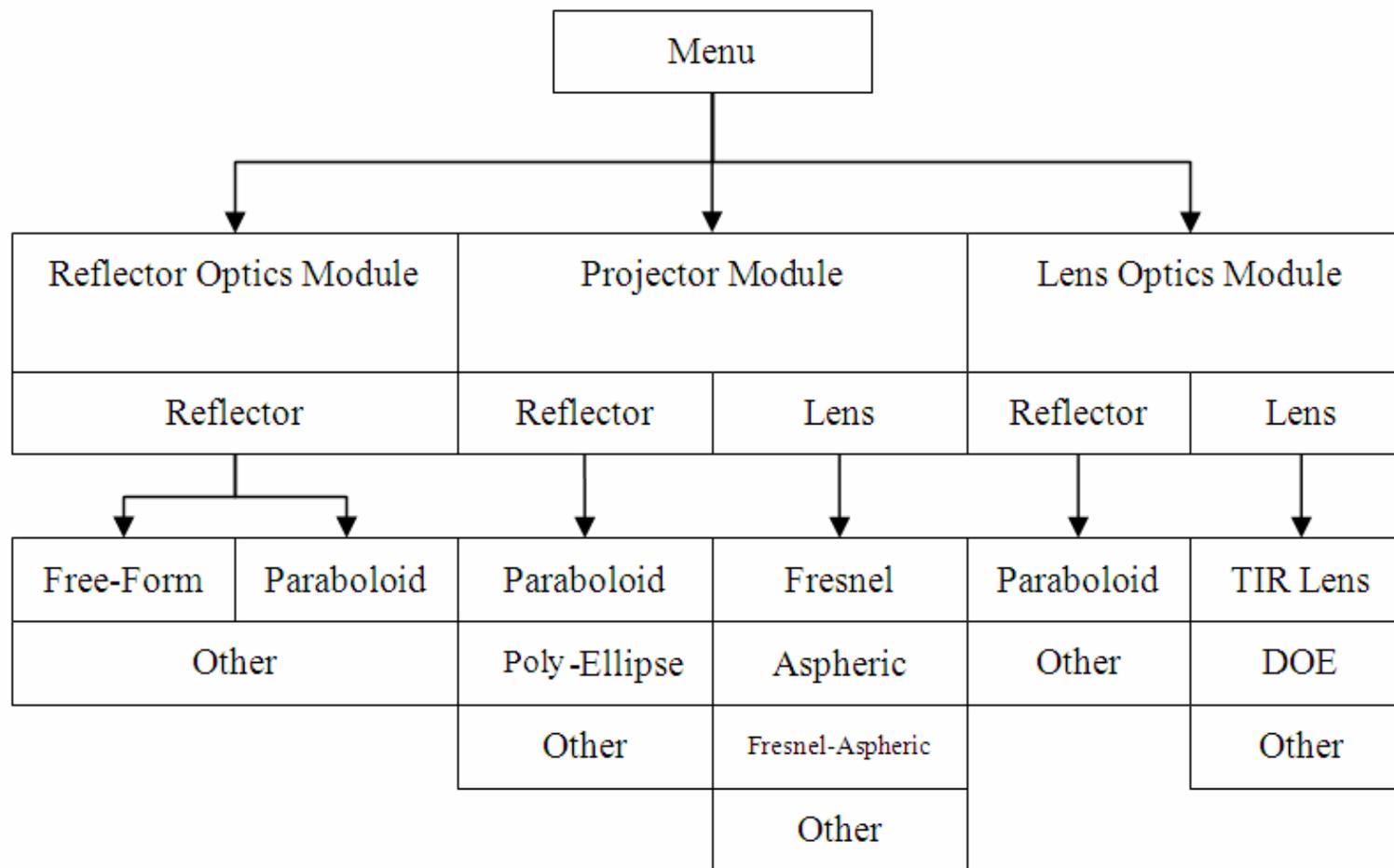
# 远光设计



Illuminance Min:2.022e-005 lux, Max:42 lux, Ave:4.1236 lux,  
RMS:7.287, Total Flux:927.81 lm 63467 Incident Rays



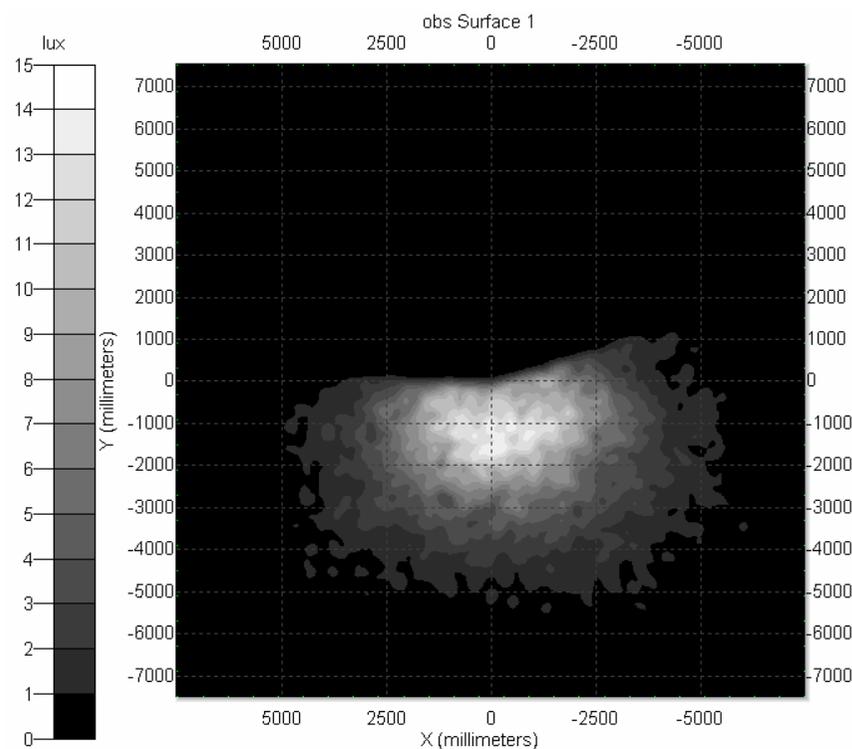
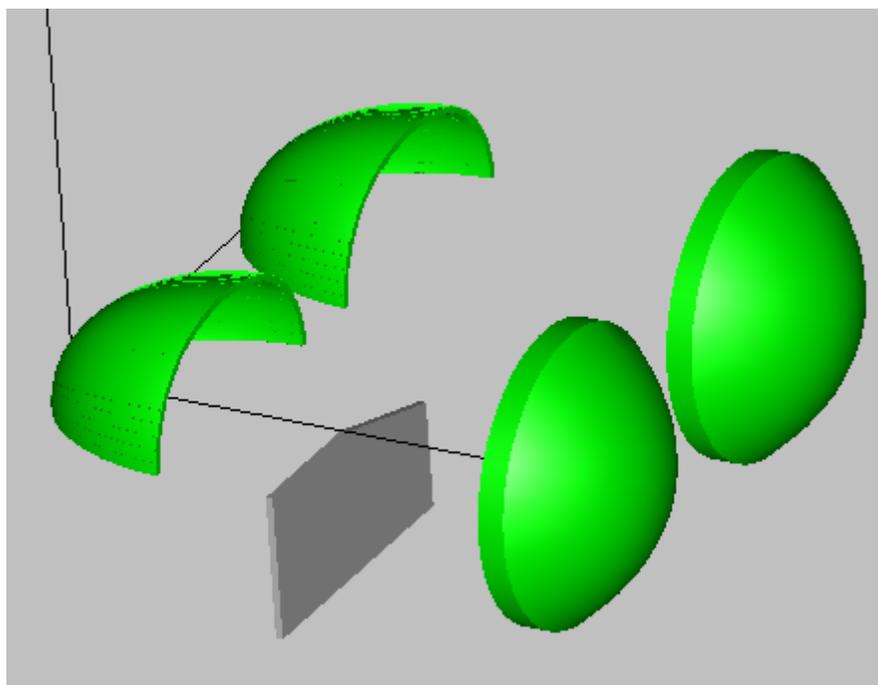
# 光学设计软件的开发



自编的光学元件设计软件主界面图

# 光学设计软件的开发

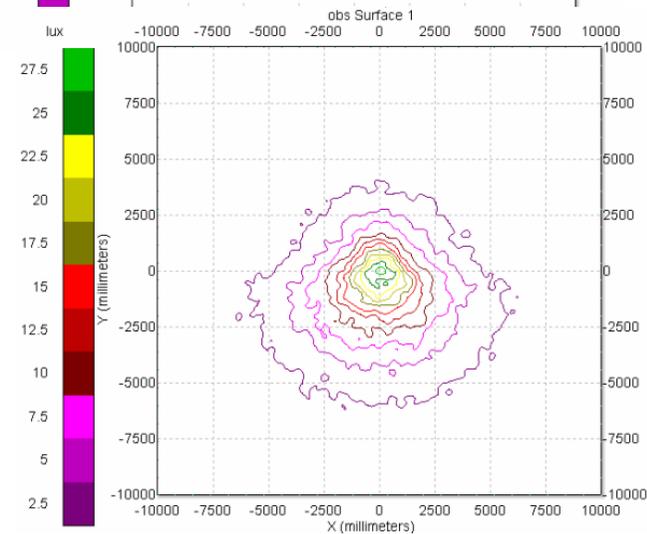
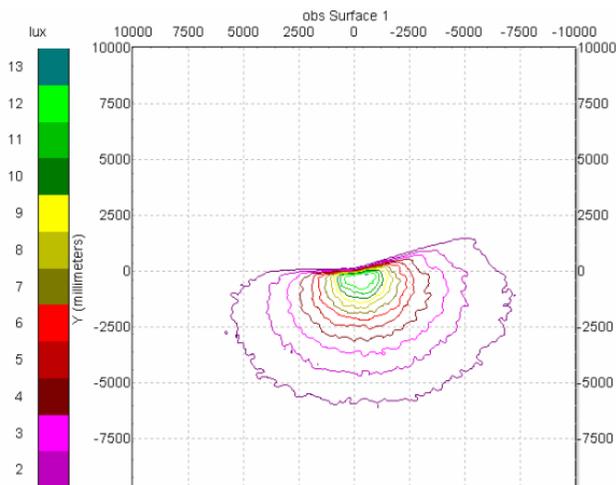
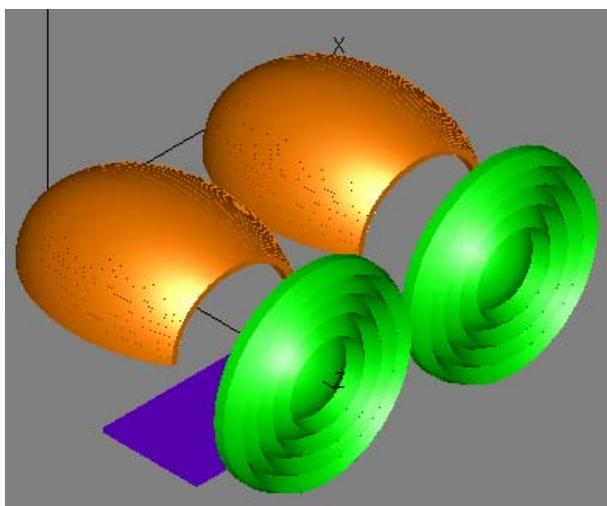
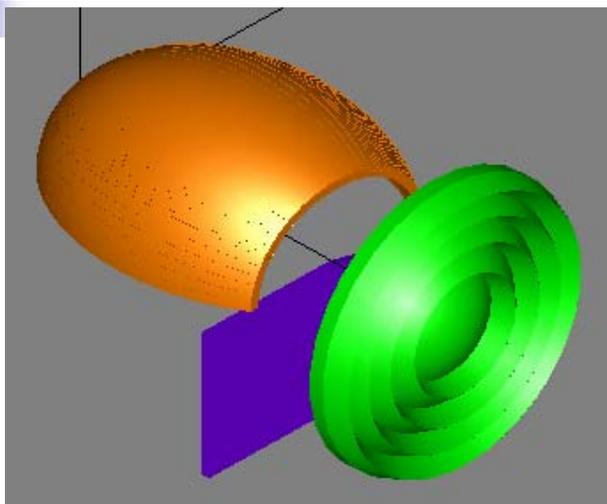
## ——非球面透镜的设计



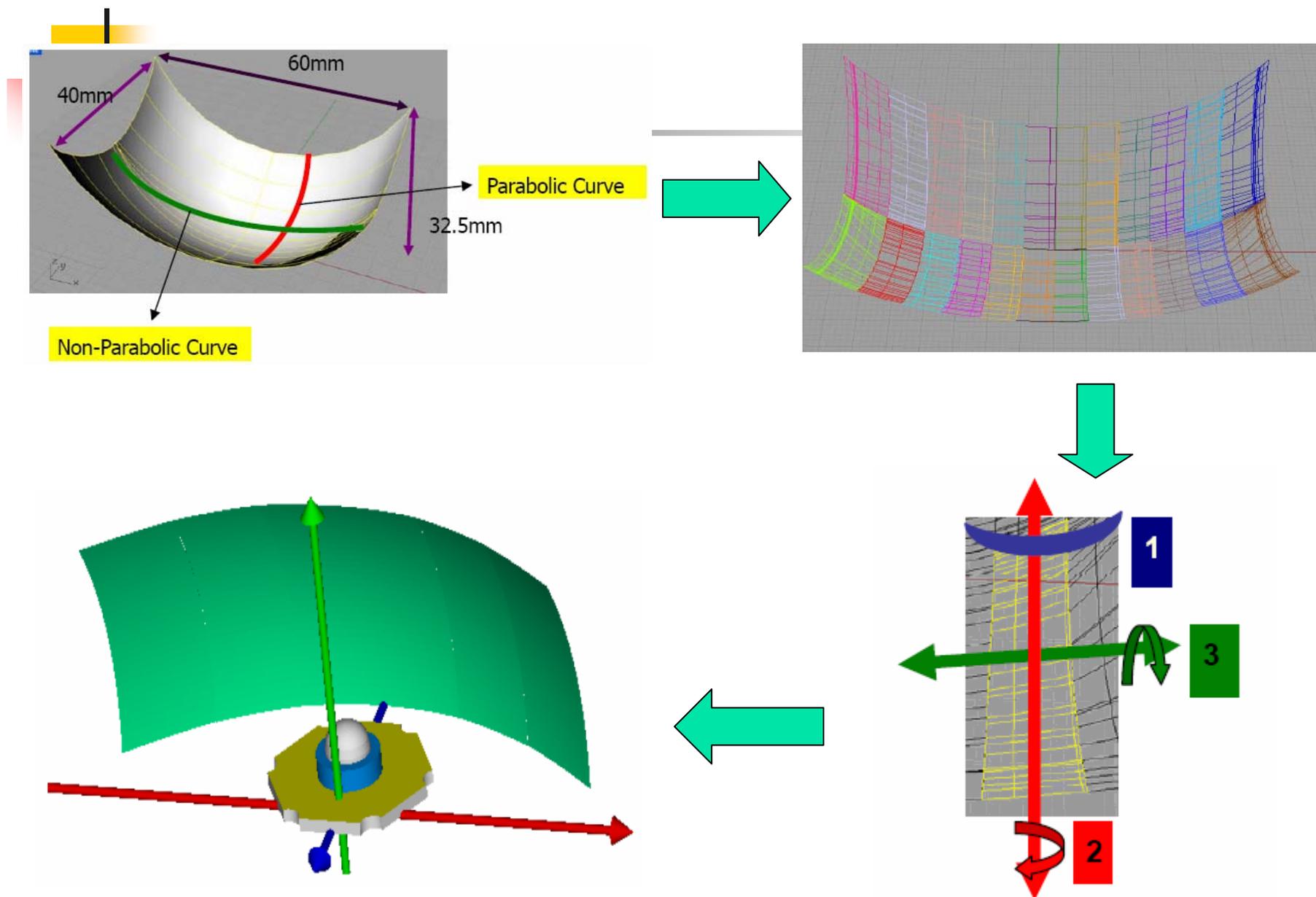
非球面透镜近光照度图

# 光学设计软件的开发

## ——菲涅尔非球面透镜的设计

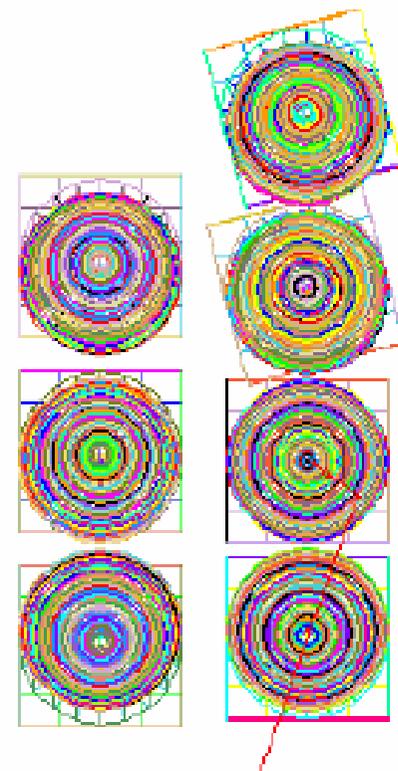
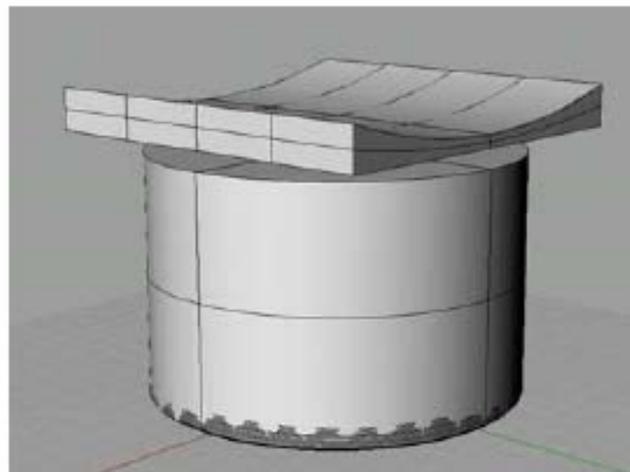
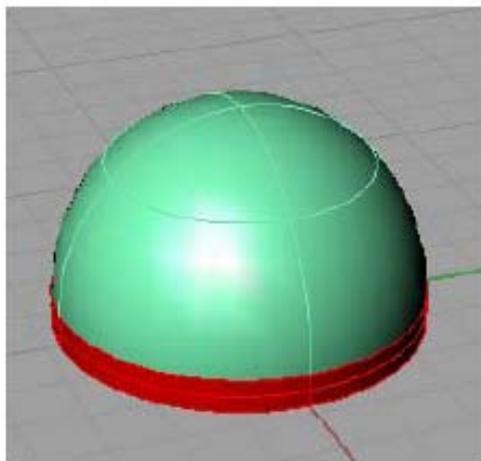


# 多重反射镜面LED前灯的设计步骤



# 全反射透镜LED前照灯设计

- 组合图



# 车灯的测绘与建模—测绘设备

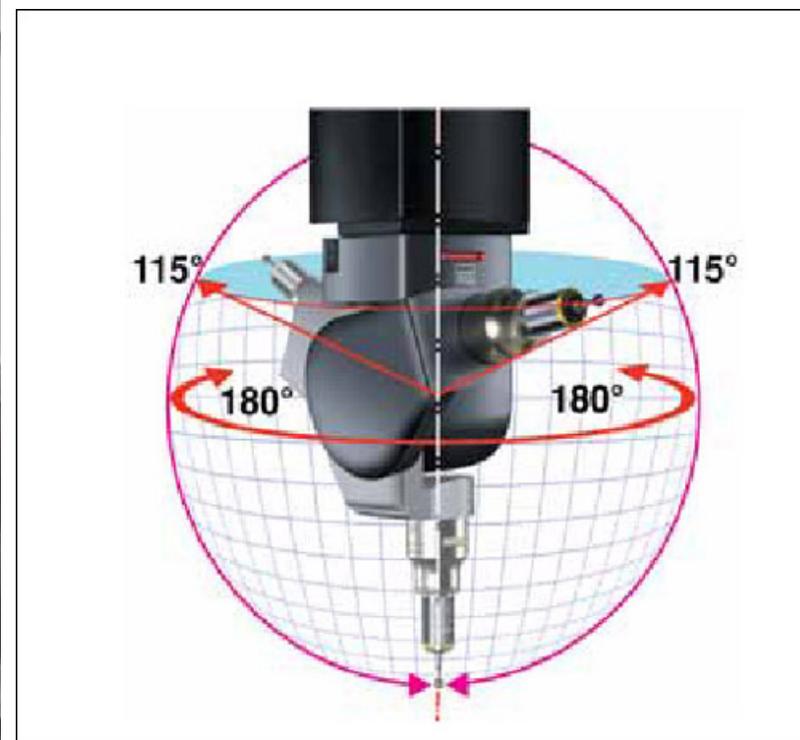
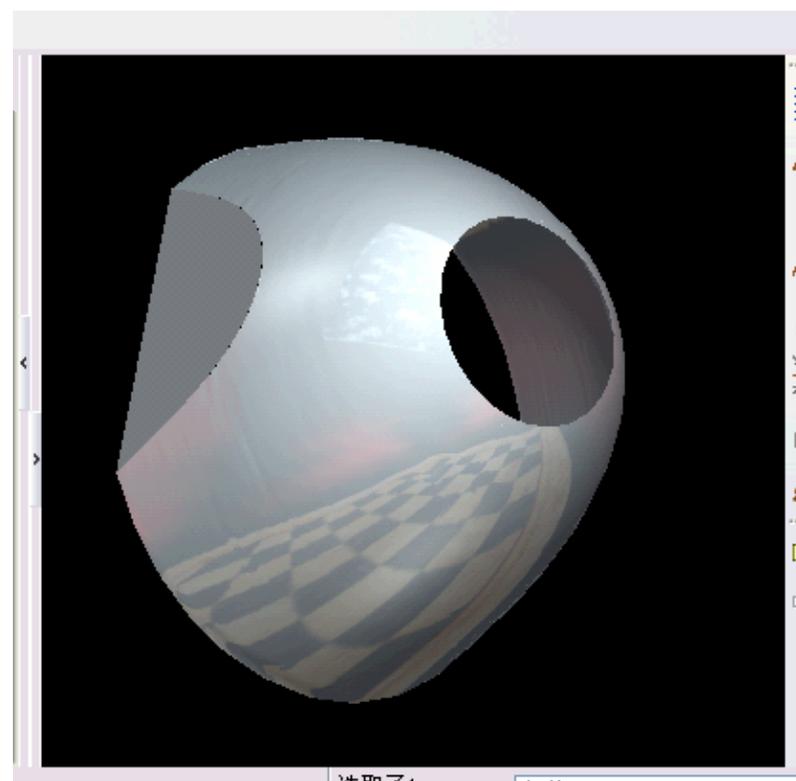
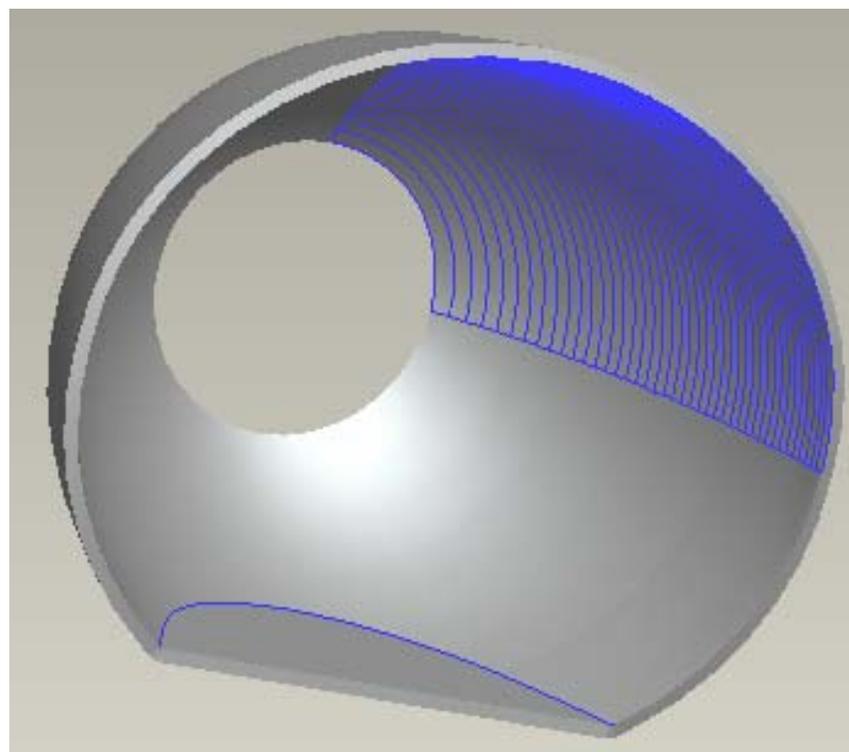


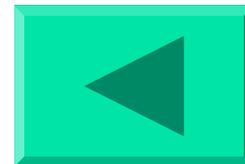
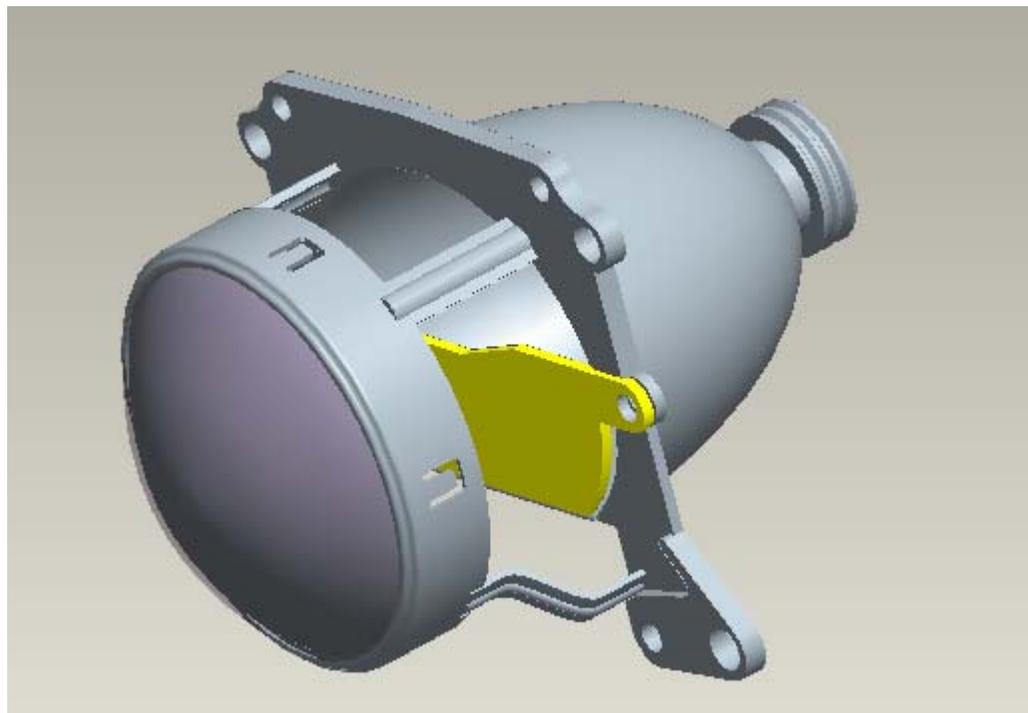
图2.1 TESASTAR-m测座

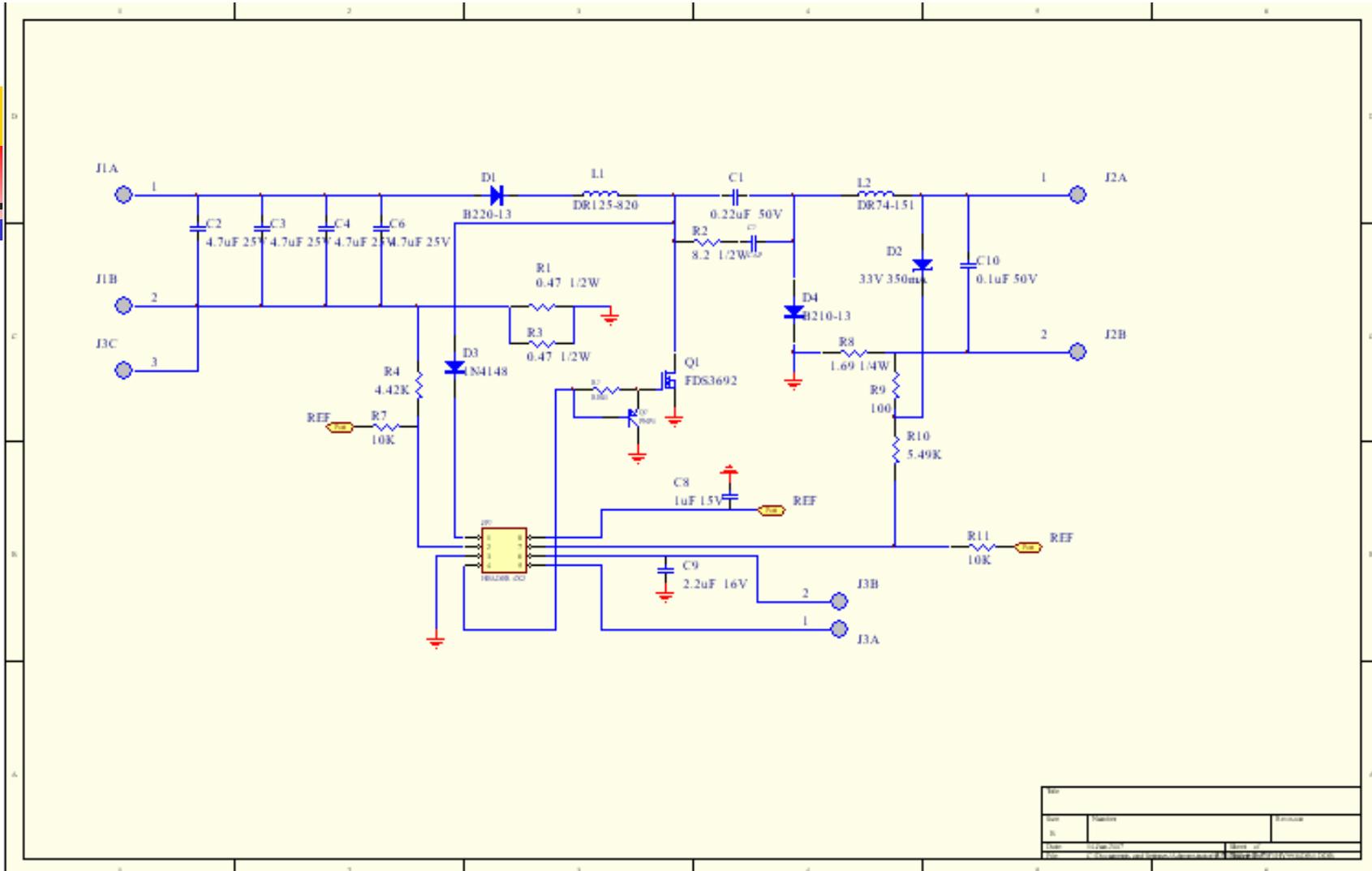
# 反射杯的测绘与建模

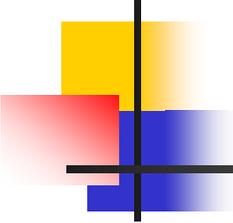




# 车灯的测绘与建模—装配图







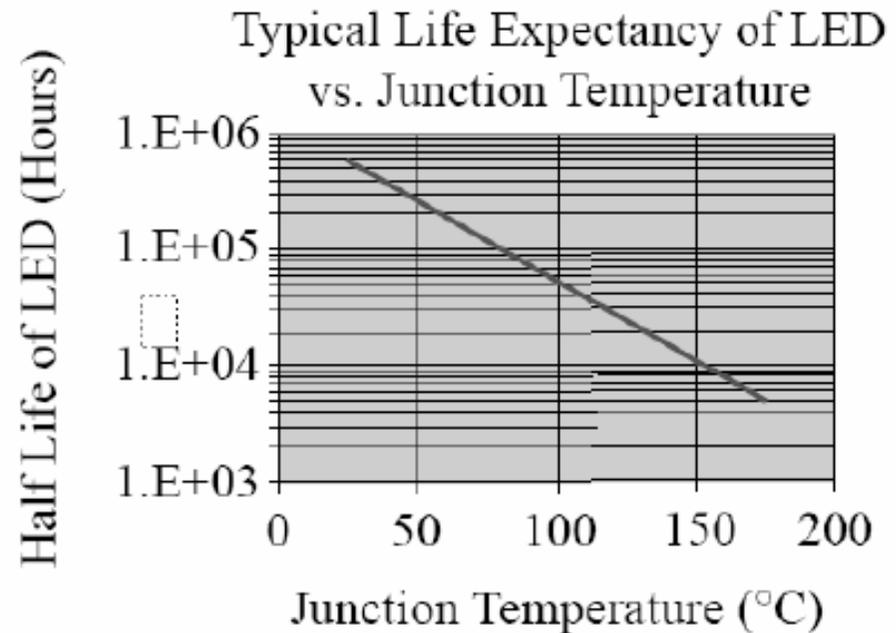
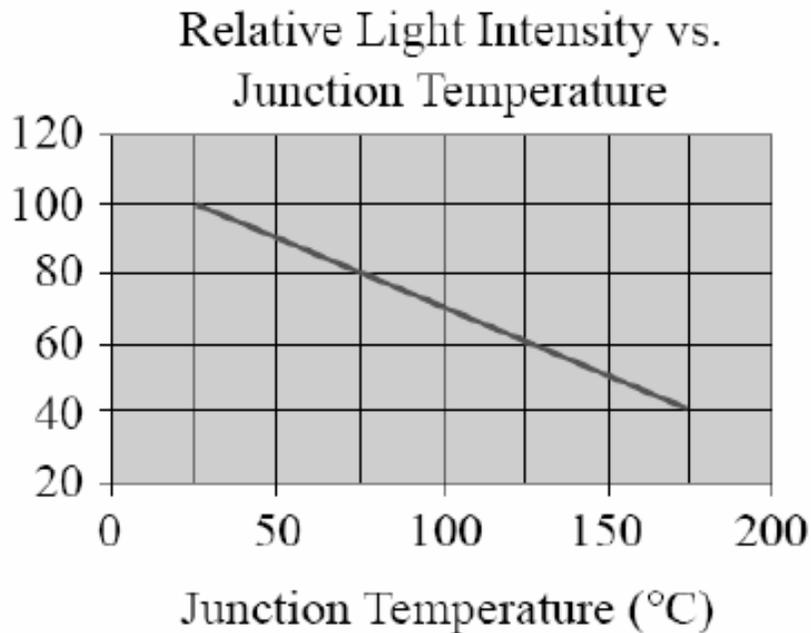
# 散热分析与研究

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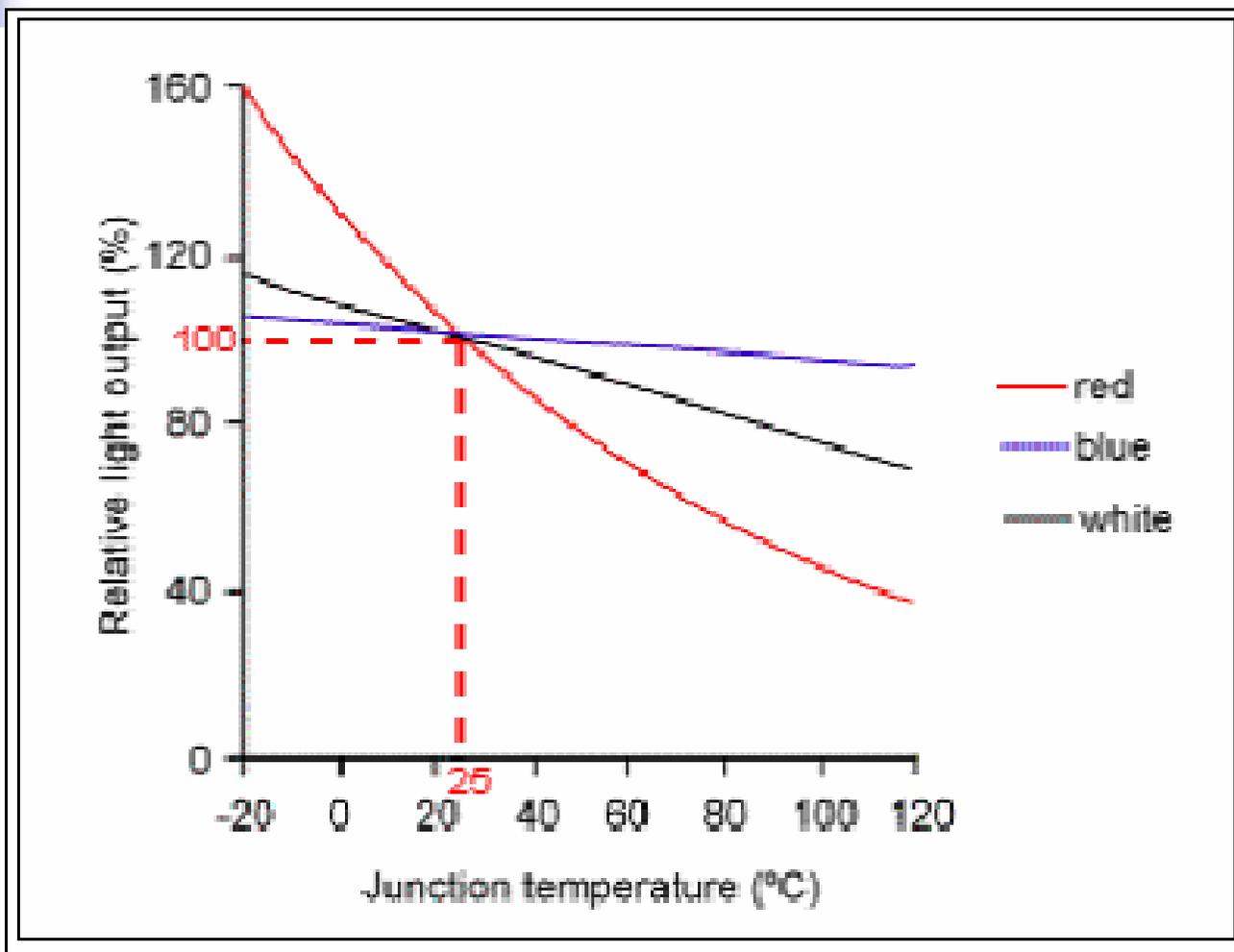
- 1、LED散热影响
- 2、LED技术进步
- 3、主要散热方式
- 4、利用热分析专用软件分析**LED**的热性能
- 5、LED光源与散热器的热分布测试

# LED散热影响

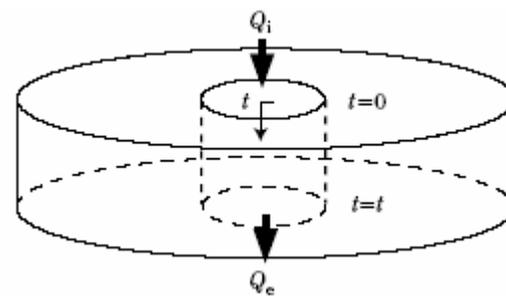
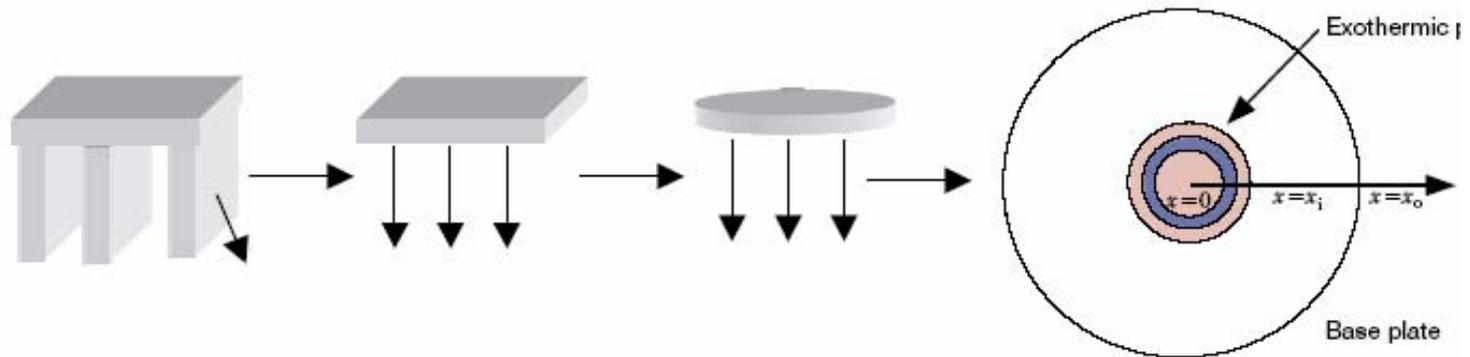
LED输入功率15~20%转为光，80~85%转为热，热处理不当，将会严重影响发光效率和使用寿命。



# 光输出与结温的关系

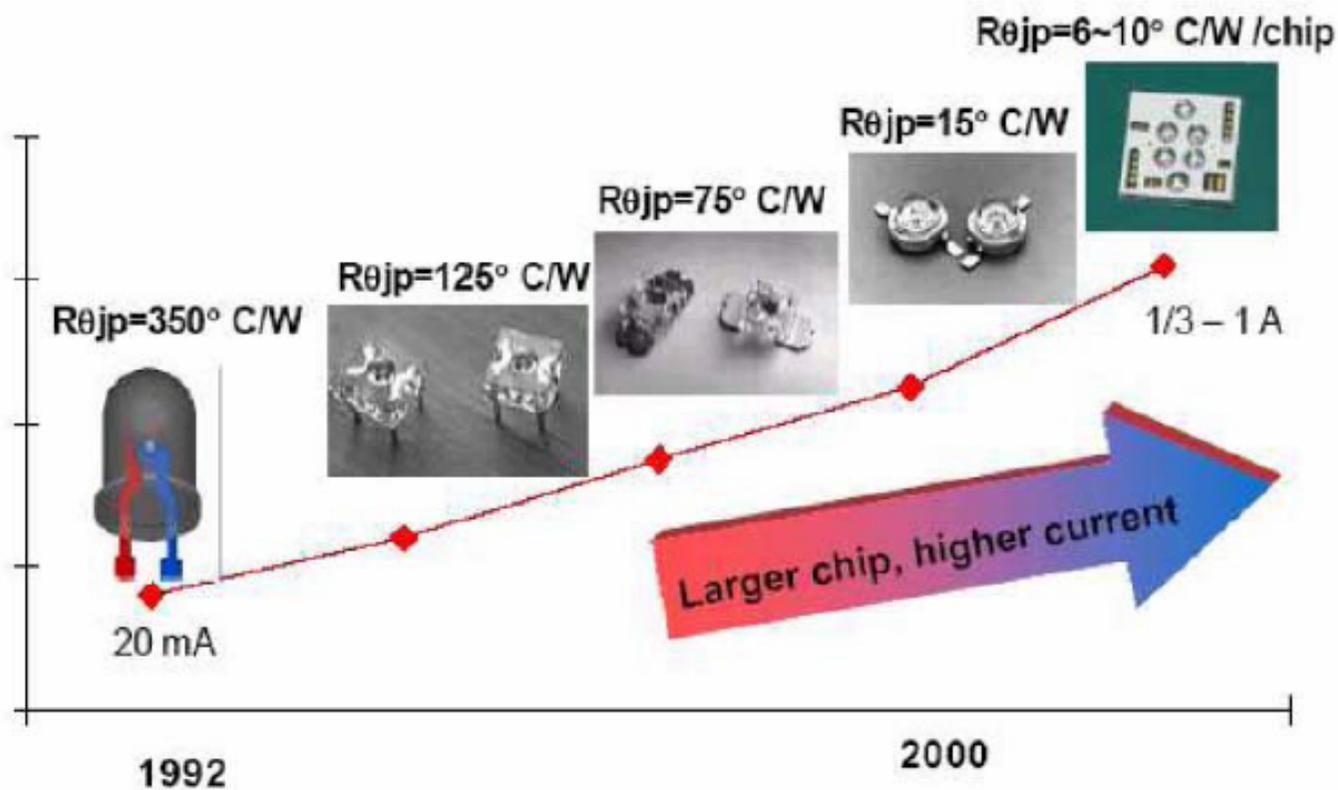


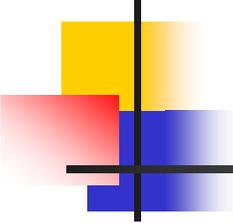
# 热模型 — 传导、对流、辐射



# LED技术进步

LED亮度快速提高，工作电流从20mA上升至1A  
热阻从360°C下降至6~10°C





# 主要散热方式

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## 1. 自然散热

不同材料的散热片；  
不同结构的散热片

## 2. 主动散热

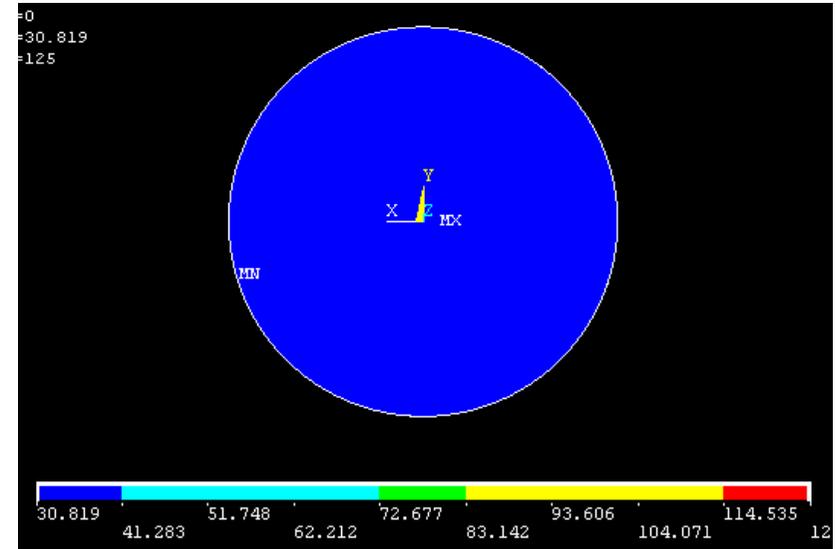
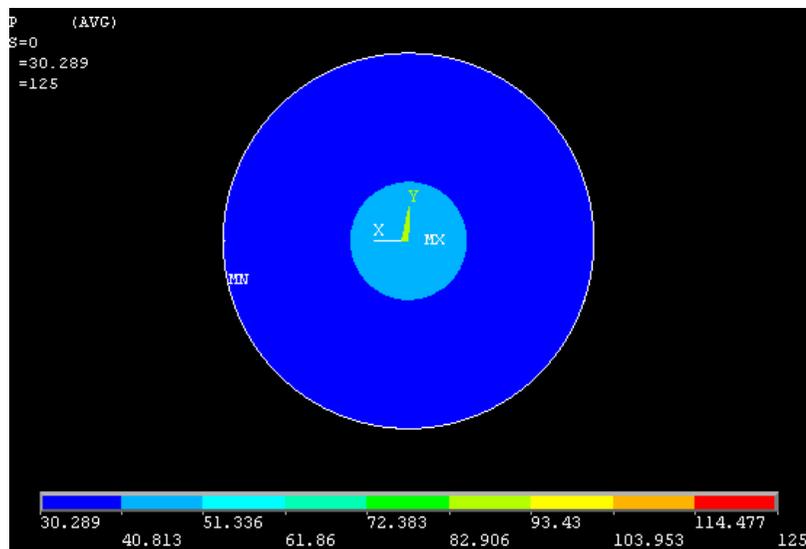
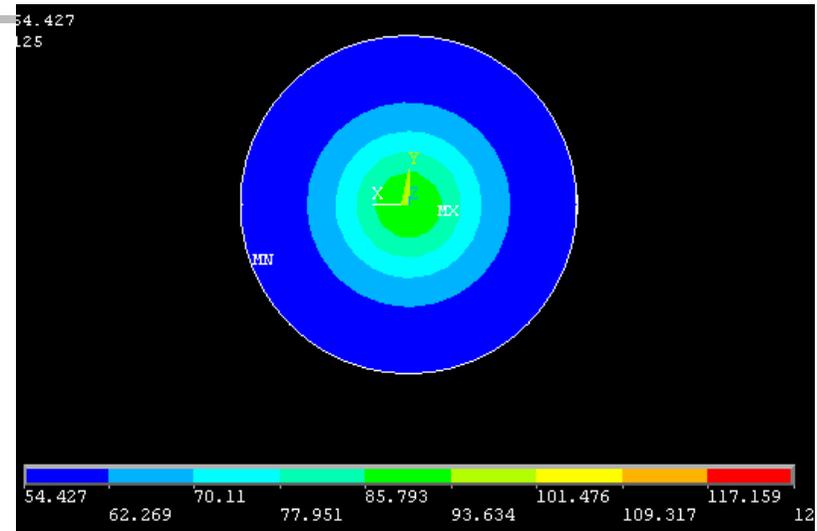
风冷、水冷、半导体制冷、化学制冷等。

## 3. 热管散热

# 散热器图片

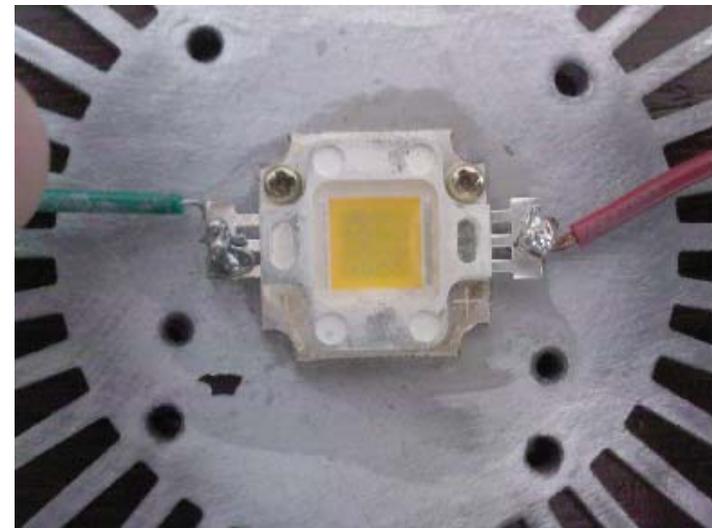
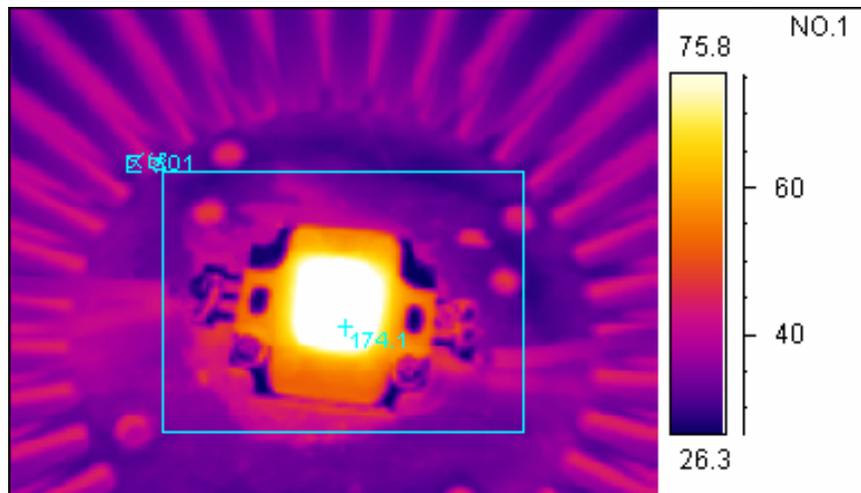
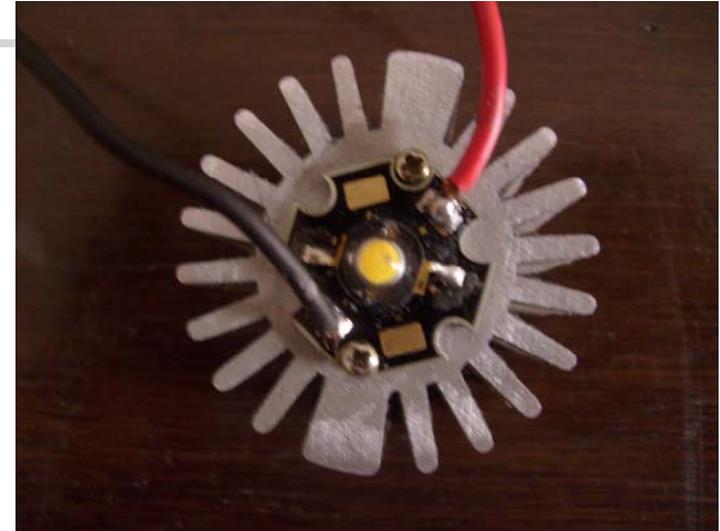
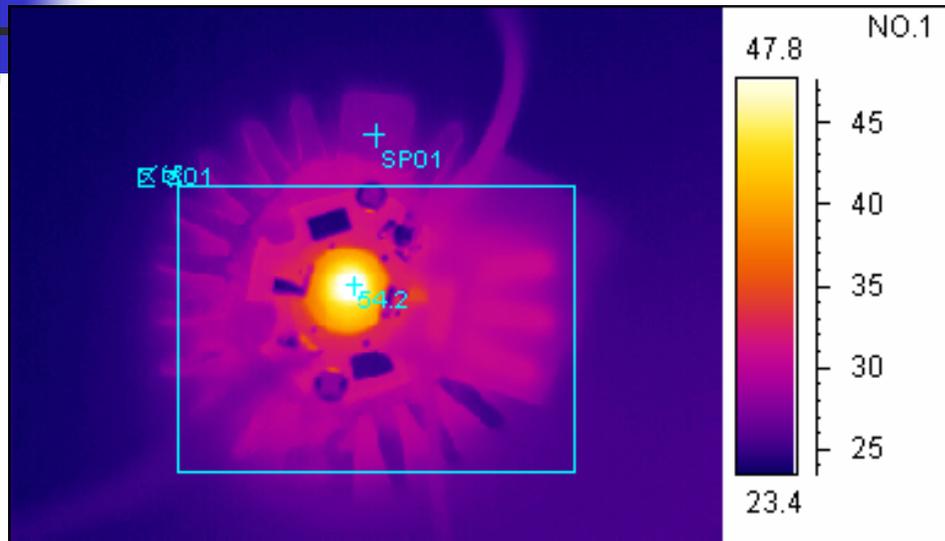


# 利用热分析专用软件分析LED的热性能



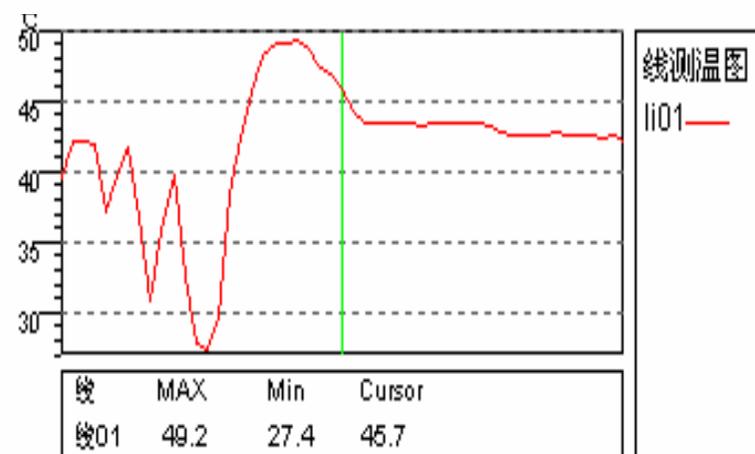
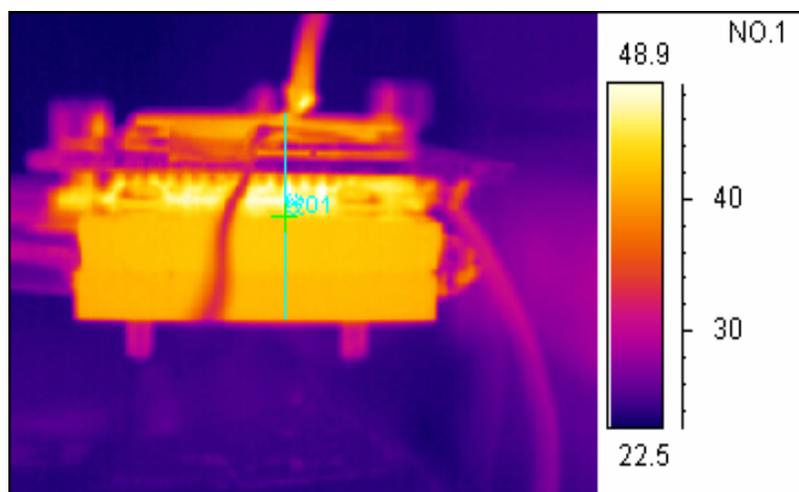
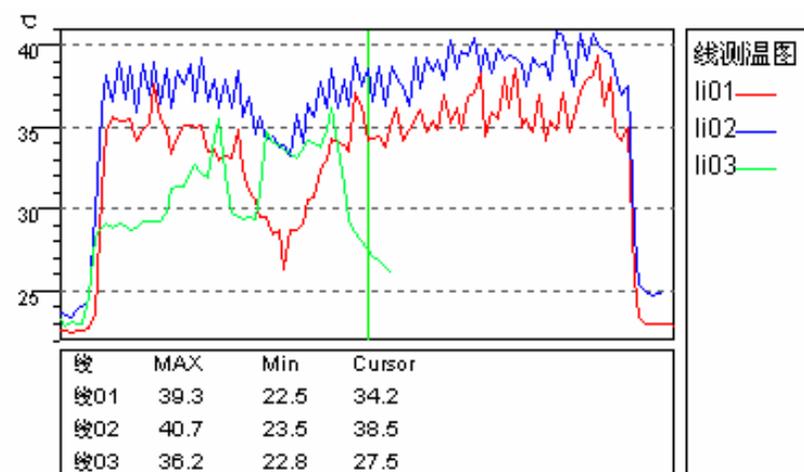
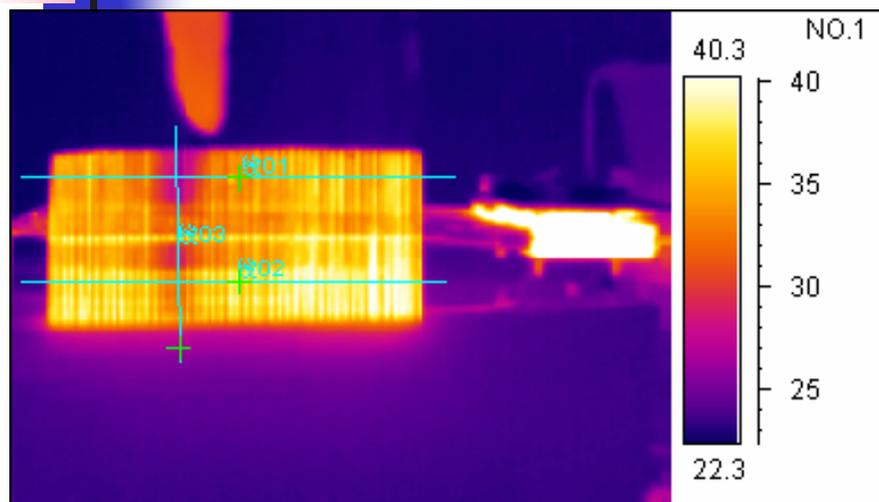
# LED光源与散热器的热分布测试

## ——LED热测试分析



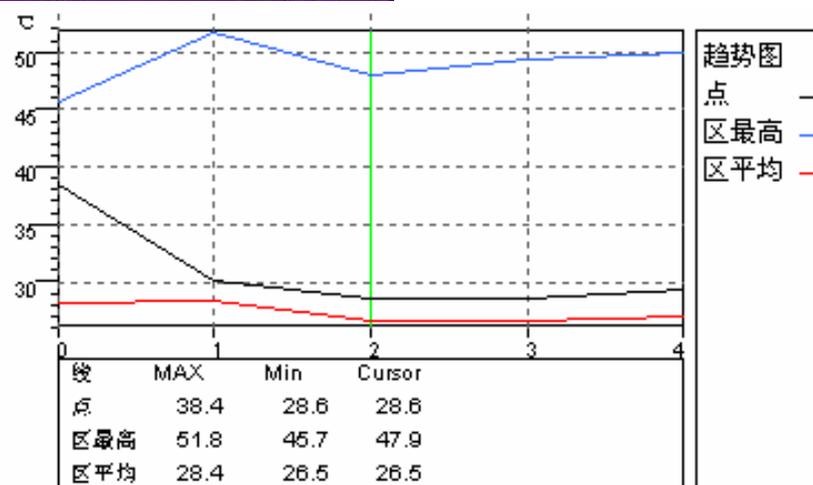
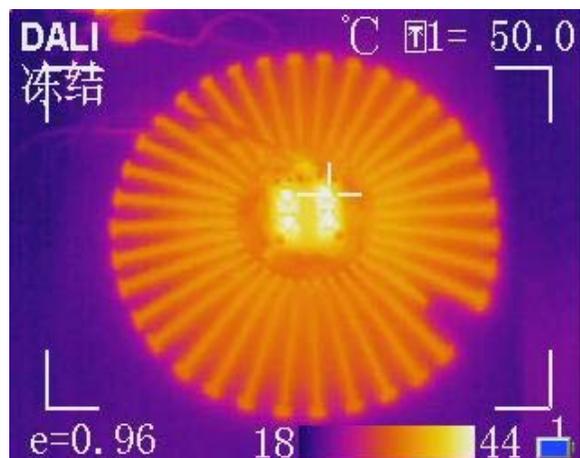
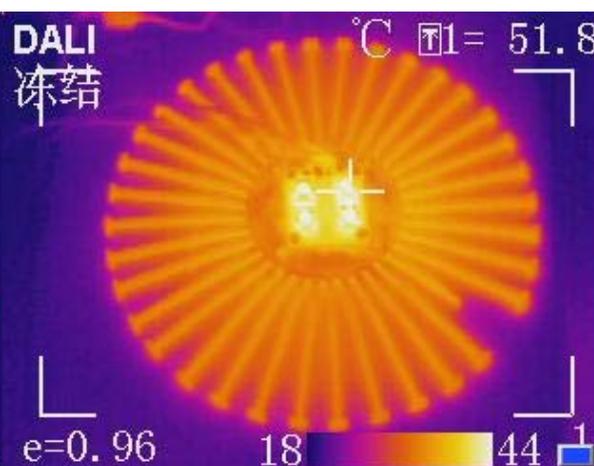
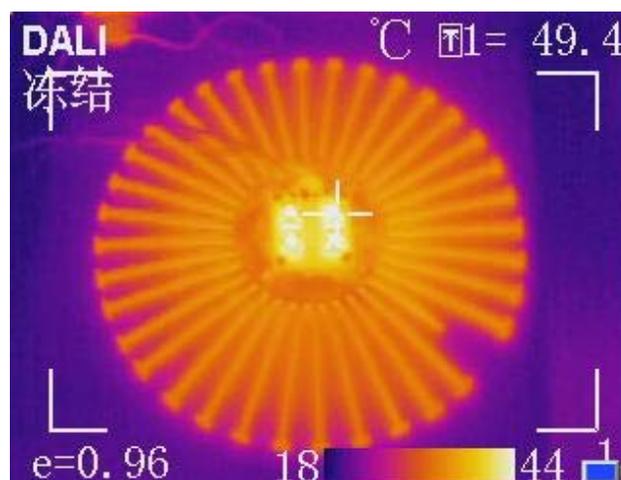
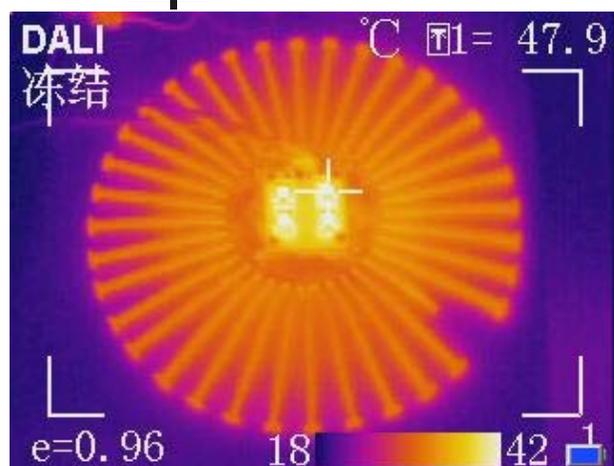
# LED光源与散热器的热分布测试

## ——散热器散热效果分析



# LED光源与散热器的热分布测试

## ——进行LED温升动态分析



Thank You !

